The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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DAILY GAZETTE.

FIRST EDITION.

THE LATEST NEWS.

Condensed Telegrams from All Quarters.

—Admiral Porter is improving.

—The population of Omaha, Neb., is 27,409.

—There was a snowstorm at Big Springs, Neb., last night.

—A mass meeting of colored citizens of New York City was held in Cooper Institute on Monday night in memory of Charles Sumner. The hall was crowded to the doors.

—Louis Riel, the member of the Canadian Parliament for Provencher, Manitoba, has taken the oath of allegiance and subscribed to the roll of membership of the House of Commons.

—Lawrence Hough, an inmate of the insane asylum at Indianapolis, escaped from that institution on Friday last, and was found on Sunday, drowned, in Eagle creek, a short distance from the asylum.

—In the Superior Criminal Court in Boston Chief Justice Brigam sentenced Wm. A. Glover, convicted two years ago of being an accessory to the Bristetown Bank robbery, to twelve years in the State prison.

—The Senate has confirmed the following nominations: Daniel B. Cliffe, Collector of Internal Revenue in the Fifth District of Tennessee; Postmasters—James Cosy, at San Francisco, and John F. McCarthy, at Valparaiso, Ind.

—The trial of John D. Sanborn, Lucien Hanly and Alfred Venderwerken, on an indictment charging them with conspiracy to defraud the Revenue Department, was commenced in the United States District Court in Brooklyn on Monday.

—Captain Goode, agent of the Mississippi Valley Transportation Company, has returned to Memphis from the wreck of the steamer Crescent City. He was unable to find the bodies of Captain Dawson and four of the crew. The boat can be raised when the waters fall ten feet.

—The carpet weavers of Kensington and Fairmount who are on a strike for a new schedule of prices held a meeting on Monday, and reaffirmed the resolution to remain out until their employers accorded to their demands. In the Kensington district alone 112 shops are reported on a strike.

—The Joint Committee who are investigating the affairs of the District of Columbia have appointed Mr. Blickendorfer, of Ohio, as engineer to test Government measures. It was agreed that General Babcock and the Board of Public Works should have the privilege of selecting one or more engineers to accompany him.

—Louisville was full of excitement all day yesterday in anticipation of the Public Library drawing to-day. It was announced last evening by Gov. Bramlette that forty-five thousand of the sixty thousand tickets only having been sold, the drawing will be scaled down twenty-five per cent., making the capital prize $187,500 instead of $250,000, all the others being reduced in the same proportion.

—The report of the Joint Committee appointed by the General Assembly of Virginia to investigate the affairs of the State sinking fund in connection with the recent defalcations, was made on Monday. A detailed statement of the purchase of State bonds by the Board of Commissioners shows a deficiency in bonds of nearly $16,000. Besides this, a deficiency of $6,200 in money is reported.

—An Ironton (Mo.) correspondent says a young woman named Mrs. Sarah F. Watson murdered her uncle, Hiram Aldridge, on the morning of the 20th inst., at Ozark Mills, six teen miles south of Ironton, by driving an axe into his skull, burying the blade in his brain up to the handle. Mrs. Watson confesses to having committed the deed, and justifies her act on the ground that her uncle attempted to outrage her person. Aldridge was only twenty years old and Mrs. Watson about seventeen.

"The Right Man."

To the Editors of the Pittsburgh Gazette:

An article under the caption, "The Wrong Man," appeared in your issue of the 23d inst., purporting to be a correction of the statement which has recently been published, "that Wm. L. Scruggs, U. S. Minister, had got into a difficulty at Bogota, for refusing to take off his hat when a funeral procession passed him." Who the writer is, or whence the article emanated, does not appear, but it was evidently intended to cast odium on Rev. T. F. Wallace, a Presbyterian missionary in that city, and who has lived and labored there during the last twelve years.

The whole article is a tissue of falsehoods, and smacks strongly of the Jesuitical school. He says, "the difficulty happened with Thomas F. Wallace, Consul and Missionary to Bogota, who occupied the minister's residence in his absence, and who was so devoted to his own peculiar practice, and so illiberal toward the opinions and customs of others, as to come out and keep his hat on while all others doffed theirs, as is the practice in Romanist countries."

This part of the statement is a pure fabrication. The insult was offered on the 15th of December last, directly to Mr. Scruggs as he approached and entered his residence without doffing his hat, the funeral procession passing at some distance on the plaza. Two scenes followed him; one went crashing through his parlor windows, the other entering his library room. Mr. Wallace, so far from being the object of this outrage, was not present when it occurred, but was in another part of the city and knew nothing of it till several hours afterwards.

The writer further says "The mob that resented the insult" (of refusing to doff his hat,) "by stoning the house supposed it to be Wallace's, and not the minister's, and the authorities apologized when they learned the truth."

It appears from this that in the writer's opinion a refusal on the part of a foreigner, even tho' he be a United States official, to take off his hat in honor of a popish custom, is an insult which may be properly resented by stoning the man and his house. But in this case the assertion is entirely gratuitous that the mob did not know it was the residence of the American Minister, but supposed it was that of Mr. Wallace, for it was well known that the house occupied by Mr. Wallace and his family during the preceding four years was several doors from that of Mr. Scruggs. Besides, in the written apology ordered by President Murillo, and sent next morning to Mr. Scruggs, there was not the slightest occasion to any such mistake on the part of the mob, but there was an unqualified condemnation of the act, accompanied by expressions of regret, that it was the result of ancient teaching whose effects were unhappily still felt, though not approved by the sensible and intelligent portion of the community." Thanks to the progress of Christian civilization, that even in Bogota and the States of Columbia, the blessings of civil and religious liberty are beginning to be appreciated by the sensible and intelligent portion of the people. The apology of the Government *was made to the right man*—the man to whom the insult was offered, and for whom it was intended.

The writer speaks contemptuously of the establishment by our Government of a consulate at Bogota, and the sending to that city of a missionary by any Protestant denomination, grouping them together, says: "It and the missionaryship are a relic of slavery days," and then adds, "when the southern rebellion broke out, our Bogota missionary returned home to become a chaplain in the Confederacy." There is not one word of truth in this statement. Mr. Wallace went out as a missionary to Bogota at the beginning of the Southern rebellion, and has remained there till the present time. Moreover, he has, by his dignified and consistent deportment as a Christian gentleman, won the respect and confidence of citizens and Government officers of the highest rank in Bogota. He has always taken a deep interest in every measure of Government calculated to elevate and enlighten the masses of the people, and is to-day one of the appointed and trusted visitors of the common schools, established two years ago in the city of Bogota.

The Rev. Mr. Pratt, a man of talents and high literary and theological culture, who had been sent out by the Board of Missions several years before Mr. Wallace did return to New York, but not as this mendacious writer affirms "at the outbreak of the rebellion," but some two years before that event, and not as the writer says "to become a chaplain in the confederacy," but to assist in the revision of the Spanish Bible.

And the fact that the rebellion broke out while he was engaged on that work, and that he, being by birth and education a southern man, identified himself with the southern cause, has no possible connection with the relations and actions of Mr. Wallace or the Bogota consulate, and affords no proof that missionaries to consuls there or anywhere else "are a relic of slavery days."

As to the writer's statement about our Government paying minister Huribut and the *charge de affaires* for the same services rendered, I know nothing of the matter, but have no doubt Secretary Fish is able to give a satisfactory explanation of it if any explanation is necessary.

VINDEX.

The Disabled Steamer Colima.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 30.—Captain Hudson, of the Colima, reports that at the time the steamer broke her propeller she was running under a light wind with a quiet sea. The cause of the accident is unknown. He attempted to continue the voyage with one blade and under sail, but found it impossible to do so, and finally put into Cerros Island, where he found good anchorage. One boat sent north was picked up by the Montana, and another sent south intercepted the Arizona, which proceeded to the relief of the Colima. The passengers and crew caught large quantities of fish, which were very acceptable, as the supply of fresh provisions was short. The Colima called at Cape St. Lucas, but as the small pox prevailed there declined to take passengers on board.

FORTY-THIRD CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

The Finance Bill Still Under Discussion in the Senate.

The House Engaged on the Louisville and Portland Canal Bill.

WASHINGTON, March, 30, 1874.

SENATE.

Bills, Resolutions, etc.

Mr. OGLESBY, from the Committee on Public Lands, to which was referred the memorial of the Governors of Indiana, Ohio and Illinois relating to the two per cent. fund which they claim is due them by the General Government, reported the same back, with a bill to settle the account between those States and the United States.

Mr. FRELINGHUYSEN said the subject had been before the Judiciary Committee at the last session, and an adverse report was made. He moved that the bill just reported be referred to the Judiciary Committee.

After debate the bill was placed on the calendar.

Mr. BOGY submitted a resolution, instructing the Secretary of the Interior to report to the Senate what towns in Missouri are entitled to public lands to aid schools, the quantity due such places, and whether patents have been issued therefor by the United States. Agreed to.

The Chair laid before the Senate a letter from the Secretary of War, transmitting a report of the Board of Engineers who made an examination of the bridge over the Mississippi river at St. Louis. Referred.

Mr. ANTHONY, from the Committee on Printing, reported back a communication from the Secretary of the Treasury in regard to the disposition of fines, penalties and forfeitures on account of the violation of customs laws for the ten years ending June 30, 1873, and asked that the committee be discharged from further consideration of the motion to print it, and that the document be referred to the Committee on Finance.

In making the report, Mr. ANTHONY said it was an instance of the enormous cost of preparing documents to answer to resolutions of Congress. This document cost probably $3,000 to prepare, and would cost $6,000 to print. It was referred to the Finance Committee.

Mr. HAMLIN, from the Committee on Rivers and Mining, reported with amendments the House bill in relation to mineral lands, excluding the States of Missouri and Kansas from the operations of the mining act of May 10th, 1872.

The Finance Bill.

The morning hour having expired, the Senate resumed consideration of the bill to provide for the redemption and reissue of United States notes and for free banking, the pending question being on the amendment of Mr. Hamlin to strike out the 1st of January, 1876, as the time for the return to specie payment, and insert January 1st, 1877.

Mr. MORTON raised the point that the amendment was not in order at this time.

After some discussion, Mr. HAMLIN withdrew his amendment. The question then recurred on the motion of Mr. Morton to strike out the second section of the bill reported by the committee, which provides that on the 1st of January, 1876, United States notes shall be redeemed in coin or interest bearing bonds.

Mr. PRATT read from manuscript his views in opposition to the motion to strike out.

Mr. SHERMAN argued in favor of retaining the section, which, he said, was the most important feature of the bill.

Messrs. MORTON and FERRY (Mich.) spoke in favor of striking out the section.

A vote was then taken on Mr. Morton's motion to strike out the second section, and it was accepted—yeas 28, nays 23—as follows:

Ayes—Messrs. Allison, Bogy, Boreman, Carpenter, Conover, Dennis, Ferry (Mich.), Gordon, Harvey, Hitchcock, Howe, Ingalls, Johnston, Logan, McCreery, Merrimon, Mitchell, Morton, Norwood, Oglesby, Patterson, Pease, Ramsey, Robertson, Spencer, Sprague, Tipton and Windom—28.

Nays—Messrs. Anthony, Bayard, Chandler, Conkling, Cooper, Cragin, Davis, Fenton, Frelinghuysen, Hager, Hamilton (Texas), Hamlin, Jones, Morrill (Me.), Morrill (Vt.), Pratt, Sargent, Saulsbury, Schurz, Sherman, Stewart, Thurman and Wadleigh—23.

Messrs. Buckingham, Flanagin, Kelley, Scott, Stockton, Edmunds and Stevenson, who would have voted in the negative, paired with Messrs. West, Brownlow, Clayton, Cameron, Ramsey, Wright and Dorsey, who would have voted in the affirmative.

Mr. SCOTT moved an amendment to the amendment of Mr. Merrimon for an increase in the national bank circulation to the extent of $16,000,000, and an additional section providing that on the first day of January, 1877, the Secretary of the Treasury shall pay on demand, at the offices of the Treasurer of the United States and Assistant Treasurers at New York, Philadelphia, Cincinnati, St. Louis and New Orleans, to any holders of United States notes to the amount of one hundred dollars or any multiple thereof, in exchange for such notes, an equal amount of coupon or registered bonds of the United States, in such form as he may prescribe, and of the denomination of fifty dollars, or some multiple of that sum, redeemable in coin after ten years from the date of their issue, at the pleasure of the United States, bearing five per cent. interest. Rejected—yeas 6, nays 37.

Mr. FRELINGHUYSEN moved an amendment that the surplus revenue of the United States shall be used for the purpose of accumulating gold in the Treasury, the Secretary of the Treasury being nevertheless at liberty to sell such amount of coin as may be necessary in order to meet the demand for currency for which the receipts of currency are not sufficient, and authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to issue and sell coupon or registered bonds of the United States not exceeding $10,000,000, of the denomination of $50, or some multiple of that sum, redeemable at the pleasure of the United States after ten years, and bearing five per cent. interest, the proceeds of such bonds to be used to purchase gold coin, which shall be employed to redeem the legal tender notes, the President and the Secretary of the Treasury to fix the time for such redemption after having accumulated sufficient gold coin, the legal tender notes so redeemed not to be re-issued except in exchange for gold coin at par. *Provided*, That if, after the commencement of said redemption, the Government shall be unable to redeem part of the legal tenders in gold coin, the Secretary of the Treasury may issue the requisite amount of the same character as above, and redeem such part with those bonds. Rejected—yeas 14, nays 29.

Mr. MORTON moved to strike out the fourth section of the bill, which provides for the retirement of United States notes in the ratio of seventy per cent. of the additional national bank notes authorized by the bill.

Mr. SHERMAN said he desired to offer an amendment to the section before a vote was taken to strike it out. Such an amendment under the old usages of the Senate was in order before the motion to strike out, but the Chair this morning having ruled a similar amendment of the gentleman from Maine (Hamlin) out of order, he (Sherman) thought the ruling erroneous, and that it would lead to complications hereafter. The section of the bill proposed to be stricken out provided that the retirement of 70 per cent. of the legal tenders should be in further reduction of the $382,000,000 authorized in the previous section. The Senate, however, struck out the $382,000,000 in the first section and inserted $400,000,000, and now he (Sherman) would move to insert $400,000,000 in the fourth section in place of $382,000,000, but could not do so under the ruling of the Chair, as the motion to strike out the whole section was pending.

The Chair said he saw the difficulty, but had made the ruling in accordance with the rules of the Senate, as he understood them.

Mr. HAMLIN said the ruling of the Chair would reverse the practice of the Senate for many years past.

After some discussion upon the ruling of the Chair and the practice of the Senate, Mr. LOGAN said this whole finance bill was a scheme for contraction, and he hoped the section would be stricken out.

Without reaching a vote on Mr. Morton's motion to strike out the fourth section of the bill, the Senate went into executive session, and soon after adjourned.

HOUSE.

Bills Introduced.

By Mr. BELL.—To refund taxes collected from certain distillers.

By Mr. MONROE.—Appropriating ten thousand dollars to buy Carpenter's painting of the signing of the proclamation of emancipation.

By Mr. BERGHMUT.—For the construction of the Portland, Dallas and Salt Lake Railroad, and the performance of all Government service free of charge.

Louisville and Portland Canal.

Mr. WHEELER, from the Committee on Commerce, reported back with amendments the Senate bill providing for the payment of bonds of the Louisville & Portland Canal Company.

The bill continues in force the appropriation made in the river and harbor bill of the 3d of March, 1873, for the payment of the debts of the Louisville & Portland Canal Company, and makes it permanently applicable for the same. So much of it as is necessary shall be applied to the payment of the interest as it accrues, and the principal of the bonds as they mature; but the Secretary of the Treasury may buy any of such bonds at their market price, not above par.

The second section authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to take possession of the canal and all its property, subject to a mortgage securing the bonds, and the Secretary is to pay for the stock held by the directors, being one hundred dollars to each director, with six per cent. interest since the 9th of February, 1854, and is to collect any money due to or held for the company by its directors or trustees, or by any person whatever.

The third section provides that the canal shall be held for the common use and benefit of all people, free of tolls and charges, except such as are necessary to pay the current expenses and to keep the canal in repair. The tolls for the present year are to be ten cents per ton on steam vessels and five cents on other vessels.

Mr. WHEELER offered an amendment on his own behalf forbidding any payment until after the State of Kentucky shall have ceded to the United States entire jurisdiction over the canal and all its property.

Mr. BANNING gave a history of the canal, and explained and advocated the bill.

Mr. SAYLOR (Ohio), in an able speech, advocated the bill in the interest of cheap freights on the Ohio river.

Messrs. Stanfford, Stannard and Negley favored the bill, and Messrs. Willard (Vt.) and Kasson opposed it.

Mr. COBURN replied to the objections of Messrs. Kasson and Willard, and submitted that the bill came under the same principle as that which justified the Government in building light houses, dredging out the entrance to New York harbor, and removing obstructions from the St. Clair flats and Detroit river.

After further discussion, without disposing of the question, the bill went over till to-morrow.

Importations for Exhibition.

Mr. KELLEY asked leave to report from the Committee on Ways and Means, and have passed a bill to admit free of duty articles intended for the International Exhibition in 1876, with a provision that any articles sold or withdrawn for consumption shall be liable for duties.

Mr. GARFIELD suggested that the word "international" should be struck out and the word "centennial" substituted.

Mr. KELLEY objected to making that alteration, and was sustained in that position by Messrs. Myers and Randell.

Mr. GARFIELD then objected to the bill, and it was withdrawn.

The House then adjourned.

RIVER DISASTER.

Explosion on the Steamer Sam J. Hale.

Three Persons Killed and a Number Injured.

MEMPHIS, March 30.—The steamboat Sam J. Hale, from Cincinnati for New Orleans, burst a steam pipe one hundred and twenty-five miles above here last night at eleven o'clock. The following are the casualties: P. Wagner, second engineer, slightly scalded; Richard Leonard, deck hand, severely, since died; Frank Stewart, deck hand, badly; John Johnson, deck hand, lost overboard; Charles Jones, colored, fireman, killed. Capt. J. L. Carter made a narrow escape, but was uninjured. The City of Vicksburg overtook the Hale floating down this morning, and towed her to the bank and brought the wounded here. The Hale is uninjured save the bursted pipe.

PRAYER CRUSADE.

Pavement Meetings Prohibited in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, O., March 30.—Another proclamation from Mayor Johnston, instructing the police to arrest rigorously for carrying concealed weapons, disperse crowds, and keep the sidewalks and streets open, was published this morning. Mayor Johnston had a conference with the Women's Temperance League, in which he explained that the proclamation did not forbid the holding of prayer-meetings in the public squares, and in saloons with the consent of the proprietors, and that in the suburbs it did not prohibit praying on sidewalks with the consent of the saloon keepers. Several bands of women went out late this afternoon, and were admitted in several saloons. Great crowds followed them in several places. They sang while marching along the street.

A New Feature in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, March 30.—A new feature of the temperance movement in this city was inaugurated to-day. In pursuance to a call issued by a number of prominent merchants, a meeting was held this afternoon, at which Geo. H. Stuart presided. Committees were appointed to enforce the license and Sunday laws and for educating the public sentiment through the press, a call was issued for a public meeting to be held at Horticultural Hall on Tuesday evening, on which occasion Senator Morrill, of Massachusetts, Rev. Dr. Muchmore and others will speak. Another meeting to perfect the organization will be held to-morrow.

The Crusade in Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, March 30.—There was no special feature in the woman's temperance crusade in this city to-day, except that a considerable number of signatures were obtained to the citizens' and property holders' pledge. The movement is meeting with considerable success generally in the adjoining towns.

SUSQUEHANNA DEPOT.

The Erie Railway Company's Propositions Rejected by the Strikers.

SUSQUEHANNA DEPOT, PA., March 30.—The strikers have rejected, almost unanimously, Vice President Clark's proposition by a vote of 476 to 11.

About eleven o'clock the paymaster began to pay off the men, who, in small squads, were admitted inside the military lines, and passed out as they received their money. At twelve o'clock a train was dispatched, accompanied by four hundred soldiers two miles out of town. No resistance has been offered the troops by the strikers.

The military have entire possession of all the property of the company, and all is apparently quiet.

A Secret Meeting of Strikers

was held this evening at their headquarters, at which they resolved to meet to-morrow at the company's shop and offer to go to work, and unless the company will agree to re-employ them they will refuse to allow any to go to work. This demand will be refused by the railroad authorities, who have decided to reduce the force from 1,000 to 600 men. As the company has ample force to sustain them, the strikers will be obliged to yield. The town is filled with rumors, in which

Nitro Glycerine and Fire

are frequently mentioned. The large engine in the shop has been partially repaired, but cannot be started before Wednesday. None of the missing parts of the engines have been restored, and fifty engines are lying here, disabled, not including those in the shop awaiting repairs. The paymaster has been

Paying the Strikers All Day,

and will finish to-morrow. Division Superintendents Thomas and Gardner have returned to their departments. Vice Presidents Clark and Wright are still here. It is probable that the strikers will not further interfere with trains, but they may make serious trouble in the shop.

LEGISLATURES.

Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, March 30.—The Lower House has passed a bill appropriating ten thousand dollars to enable Governor Woodson to bring the James and Younger brothers, and other outlaws and desperadoes infesting different parts of the State, to justice.

The proposition to establish a State police and a secret service fund was defeated.

The Legislature adjourned to-day, but a bill passed both Houses providing for the issue of funding bonds to the amount of one million dollars, if such sum be required, to meet the maturing State indebtedness for the present and next year; also a bill authorizing the city of St. Louis to issue, if sanctioned by a vote of the people, two million and a half dollars bonds for the repair of streets.

Ohio.

COLUMBUS, O., March 30.—In the Senate to-day the following nominations were received from Governor Allen: Andrew Ray, of Trumbull, to be Inspector of Mines for four years; John P. Bruck, of Franklin, Wm. Lawrence, of Guernsey, R. W. McConnell, of Wyandot, Mathias Mauch of Anglaise, and Job Owens, of Butler, to be Directors of Penitentiary from April 1st.

In the House a resolution was adopted requesting the State Auditor to report whether the existing levies for the general revenue and asylum funds can be reduced without danger of creating a deficiency in said funds, after meeting all legitimate demands on said funds.

BOSTON.

Balloting for United States Senator.

BOSTON, March 30.—The Legislature balloted to-day for United States Senator, as follows: Whole number of votes cast, 256; necessary for a choice, 129. Dawes received 85; Hoar, 73; Curtis, 72; Adams, 15; Banks, 7; Amasa Walker, Pierce, Washburne and Whittier one each.

A Bold Plan to Rob the Cashier of a Bank.

A bold plan to rob, and perhaps murder Alva Simmons, Cashier of the Mechanics' Bank of South Boston, has been discovered. George E. Eagles, a painter, endeavored to induce George Holden, in his employ, to assist him in robbing Simmons, who was in the habit of visiting a wooden-ware establishment in the city proper every Monday afternoon for the purpose of receiving deposits from the employes. Eagles' plan was to induce Holden to strike Simmons with a bludgeon after he had received the deposits, and afterwards rob him. Holden exposed the affair to the State police, who arrested Eagles to-day while endeavoring to carry out his plans.

Marine Disaster.

LONDON, March 31—6 A. M.—A message to the *Rien Maritimes* says the steamship Nil was lost on her last voyage from Hong Kong to Yokohama, and the passengers were drowned. Among them were the Japanese Commissioners to the Vienna exposition.

SECOND EDITION.

Four O'Clock.

THE CAPITAL.

Lively Discussion in Congress on the Louisville and Portland Canal Bill.

The Prompt Passage of the Measure Urged.

The Appropriation Bills to be Reduced $25,000 000 from the Revised Estimates.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

WASHINGTON, March 30, 1874.

The Louisville & Portland Canal.

The discussion of the Louisville & Portland Canal bill to-day was lively and important, especially to the people of the Ohio Valley. The House was first addressed by Mr. Banning, of Cincinnati, in favor of the bill, in which he showed that the legislation of Kentucky, both in 1844 and 1872, sufficiently provides for the cession of jurisdiction to the United States. He said the only opponents of the transfer of the canal to the United States Government were the trustees, who held five shares of stock of one hundred dollars each. He said Ohio, Kentucky, Indiana and Illinois pay about half the Internal revenue of the nation, or $42,000,000 out of the $106,000,000, and yet by the weighty burden of heavy tolls of this canal on their commerce they are taxed for sending their productions to market. Dr. Standeford, of Louisville, took the same grounds, showing that Kentucky was heavily taxed by the canal. Mr. Stannard, of St. Louis, made a stirring speech in favor of the bill. Messrs. Negley, of Pennsylvania, Saylor, of Ohio, Holman, of Indiana, and others, spoke ably up in the same side. Mr. Willard, of Vermont, a State that scarcely has $75,000 a year of internal revenue, opposed. The speakers generally urged the prompt passage of the bill, and said the question raised by the trustees was only a technical one, raised for the purpose of prolonging their management and continuing the oppressive tolls. The discussion continued until adjournment, and the previous question being called, it came up for final action the first thing to-morrow.

DIAMOND.

WASHINGTON, March 30, 1874.

Deficiency Estimates.

The House Committee on Appropriations to-day heard Attorney General Williams in relation to his deficiency estimate of $310,000 for the expense of the United States Courts, and Commissioner Drummond of the General Land Office in advocacy of an appropriation of $450,000 to cover the deficiency in appropriations for rent of offices and for surveying public lands. The deficiency bill will be reported to the House on Wednesday or Thursday evening next.

Reduction in Appropriation Bills.

In the appropriation bills already reported there has been a reduction of between eleven millions dollars and twelve millions dollars from the revised estimates of the departments, and the committee confidently expect to be able to effect an aggregate saving of twenty-five millions dollars in the total appropriations this year as compared with those of last session.

Disorder in Columbia Investigation.

In the District investigation to-day, Richard Sorrell and a Mr. Curry were examined in regard to work done by them as brick layers on B street sewer, and testified that the brick used in its construction were partly soft brick. Curry said all the bricks were what he called "salt brick," and Sorrell estimated that one-third of the brick used was soft brick.

WEATHER REPORT.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., 1 P. M., March 31, 1874.

Synopsis for the Past Twenty-four Hours.

The barometer has fallen in the Mississippi valley. Northeasterly to southeasterly winds, rising temperature, cloudy weather and rain prevail in the lower Missouri and Ohio valleys and Tennessee; high barometer, low temperature, northwesterly and northeasterly winds and increasing cloudiness over the northwest and upper lakes; southeasterly winds, rising temperature and partly cloudy weather in the Southern States; northwesterly winds, cold or partly cloudy weather on the lower lakes; northerly and northwesterly winds, slightly higher temperature and clear weather in the Eastern and Middle States. The rivers have fallen at Nashville, Cincinnati and Louisville.

Probabilities for To-day.

The storm centre in the southeast will probably move slowly eastward.

For the Middle States, variable northwesterly and northeasterly winds, followed by slowly falling barometer and increasing cloudiness.

For the Northwest and upper lakes, and thence to the Missouri and Ohio valleys, northerly and northeasterly winds, falling barometer, cold, cloudy weather, snow and rain.

For the lower lake region, northeasterly winds, low temperature and cloudy weather, followed in the evening by rain.

For the Southern States, southerly winds, rising temperature and partly cloudy weather.

For New England, northerly winds, rising barometer, cold and generally cloudy weather.

The Rivers

will probably fall at Nashville, Cincinnati, Louisville and Leavenworth.

THE RIVERS.

CINCINNATI, March 30.—River 18 feet; falling. Arrived—J. W. Garrett and R. R. Hudson, Wheeling; Exchange and Carrie V. Kountz, Pittsburgh; Lawrence, Nashville; Minneola, Memphis. Departed—Carrie V. Kountz and J. W. Garrett, St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, March 30.—Arrived — Dolphin, Lower Mississippi; Dubuque, McGregor; Bigley, Cairo; Capitol, Vicksburg; W. J. Lewis, Missouri river. Departed—Chester, Memphis; Johnson and Colossal, Keokuk; Dolphin, Lower Mississippi; Bon Accord, Ohio river; Beaver, Illinois river. River falling slowly. Cloudy and cool. Rain this afternoon and to-night.

MEMPHIS, March 30.—The river has risen four inches. Warm and raining. Arrived—Thompson Dean, Cincinnati; Belle of Texas, Pine Bluff; Legal Tender, White river, and lays up. Departed—Sidney Ames and Belle of Memphis, St. Louis; Paragon, Cincinnati; Glencoe, last night, New Orleans; City of Vicksburg, Vicksburg; Mary Boyd, Little Rock.

NASHVILLE, TENN., March 30.—River falling rapidly; 11 feet 8 inches large on shoals. Weather hazy and pleasant. Arrived—Tom Rees and J. N. Phillips, Cairo; Laura Davis, Cincinnati; Little Condor, Kanawha river. Departed—Condor, Smithland; Phillips, Cincinnati; A. H. Green, Upper Cumberland; Burksville, Paducah.

LOUISVILLE, March 30.—River falling, with 8 feet 9 inches in canal and 6 feet 9 inches in Indian Pass. Arrived—Ella, Cincinnati; Raven, with a tow, Pomeroy; Andy Baum, Memphis. Departed—Indiana, New Orleans; Andy Baum, Cincinnati; Raven, St. Louis. Clear and pleasant. Divers commenced work to-day on the wreck of the Belfast.

EVANSVILLE, IND., March 30.—Chilly; clear; clouding this evening; mercury 42 to 56. River fallen 18 inches. Down—Arlington, 7 A. M.; Simpson Horner, 11; Anna, 12; Camella, 12:46 P. M.; T. N. Miller, 1; Florence Lee and Idlewild, 4. Up—Morning Star, 10 A. M.; Arkansas Belle, 1 P. M.; Bowling Green and Bermuda, 4; Silverthorn, 5. Business good.

VICKSBURG, March 30.—Up—Great Republic. Down—John Kilgour, City of Quincy and Pargoud. Arrived—Ste. Genevieve. Cloudy and Warm. River stationary.

CAIRO, ILL., March 30. — Arrived—City of Helena, Vicksburg, 1 P. M. Departed—Helen, St. Louis, 3 P. M. River stationary. Cloudy and warm.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., March 30.—River 5 feet; stationary. Arrived—R. W. Dugan, Memphis. Departed—Robert Sample, above. Cloudy and rainy.

NEW ORLEANS, March 30.—Arrivals—Chas. Bodman and Exporter, Cincinnati; Bismarck, St. Louis. Warm and clear.

FENCING.

A Fatal Friendly Thrust.

The most inveterate duelist could hardly do greater harm to his bitterest foe in mortal combat than M. Henri de Pene, the well-known Paris journalist, has just done, all in the most good-natured play, to a friendly fencing master. The journalist, says the London *Daily News*, lounged into the fencing-school for a little talk. The fencing-master proposed a harmless bout with the foils, and M. de Pene consented freely to play this brother's wager, but played it only too freely. His foil snapped off near the button and the blade, thus converted into a most formidable weapon, went through the lungs of the poor fencing-master, who naturally stands but a slender chance of recovery. There is a grim story told somewhere of two friends practising in the same sort of way to whom a similar accident occurred. But the weapon of the one went right through the other, and pinned him to the plastered wall behind. At the horrified author of the unlucky stroke was about to extricate his friend, the latter coolly said, "Wipe the plaster off the point before you take out the sword—its my only chance." The wound anyhow would be bad enough, but with the plaster from the wall in it there would be no hope. The broken and jagged point, unluckily, in such a case as that of M. de Pene's victim, is almost as bad. It must be owned that the sport, as practised in Paris fencing schools, is pastime so dangerous as to seem rather ghastly. It has now made M. de Pene the hero of a new sort of misadventure very different from that which first rendered him celebrated when he was challenged by a whole mess-room of indignant officers and run through the lungs and brought to death's door by the first on the list.

FOREIGN.

A Panic in British Stocks.

The Ashantee Expedition Reviewed.

Honors Showered on Gen. Wolsley.

THE FIGHTING AT BILBOA RESUMED.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Review of the Ashantee Expedition.

LONDON, March 30.—There was an immense crowd in Windsor Park to-day to witness the review of the troops composing the Ashantee expedition. General Wolsley was in command. The review took place in the presence of the Queen, Prince of Wales, Duke of Cambridge and Prince Arthur. The weather was fine.

Honors to Gen. Wolsley.

The Queen, assisted by the Princess of Wales and Duchess of Edinburgh, made Sir Garnet Wolsley a Knight Commander of the Order of Bath, and conferred on Lord Gifford the Victoria Cross. The troops repeatedly cheered the Queen, the members of the royal family and General Wolsley.

In the House Lords the Duke of Richmond, and in the House of Commons Disraeli, moved a vote of thanks to General Wolsley and the officers and men of the expedition, supporting the motion with laudatory speeches. The vote was unanimously adopted with cheers.

Panic in Stocks.

LONDON, March 30.—There is an unexplained panicky depression in domestic stocks, and prices for such securities have declined three per cent.

The Cause of the Depression in Business.

LONDON, March 31.—The morning papers attribute the depression in business here to extensive strikes of coal and iron miners in Staffordshire and in other parts of England.

SPAIN.

Carlists Claiming a Victory.

BAYONNE, March 30.—The Carlist Junta here has received dispatches from Durango, claiming that the Royalists maintain all their positions near Bilboa, and that they had cut the telegraph wires behind Marshal Serrano's army.

Fighting at Bilboa Resumed.

BAYONNE, March 30.—The news from Bilboa through Carlist channels is that fighting was resumed on Saturday morning and lasted all day. The Republicans attacked, but made no impression on the Carlist lines, meeting with a repulse at every point. Their loss is estimated at 4,000 killed and wounded, while that of the Carlists did not exceed 1,000.

The Final Attack on Abanto Suspended.

MADRID, March 30.—An official dispatch, dated Somorrostro, Friday night, states that the final attack on Abanto has again been suspended.

Cannonading at Abanto.

MADRID, March 30.—The cannonading at Abanto was continued Saturday and Sunday. The condition of General Lomas is improving.

Heavy Losses on Both Sides.

LONDON, March 31.—There have been heavy losses on both sides in the battles before Bilboa. Santander is crowded with wounded from the Republican ranks.

AUSTRALIA.

Henri Rochefort.

LONDON, March 31—5:30 A. M.—The *Daily Telegraph's* Australian correspondent says: Henri Rochefort and his companions escaped from New Caledonia in a small open boat. They had been three days at sea when picked up by a British sailing vessel and brought to an Australian port. Rochefort has telegraphed to Paris for funds. He intends to visit the United States and lecture in New York and other American cities before he returns to Europe, when he will probably take up his residence in Brussels.

ALGERIA.

Martial Law Authorized.

PARIS, March 30.—General Chanzy has been authorized to declare Algeria in a state of siege in order to restrain the violent abuse of the radical journals in the colony.

THE MURDER TRIAL.

Case of John and Catherine Schuettler—A Severance Granted—Continuation To-Day.

Yesterday morning in the Court of Oyer and Terminer, Judge Collier on the bench, the case of John Schuettler and Catherine Schuettler his mother, indicted for the murder of Mrs. Margaret Braunlein last October, came up for trial. John Schuettler is charged with being the principal, and accessory before and after the fact, and his mother with being accessory before and after the fact. The Commonwealth is represented by District Attorney Bayne and W. C. Moreland and Thomas M. Marshall and W. D. Moore appear for the defense. When Court opened, Attorney Bayne stated that Little Killen, an important witness, was missing, and after having proved that a subpoena had been served upon her, the Court ordered that an attachment be issued for her arrest. An adjournment was then had until one o'clock, and when Court convened again the missing witness was on hand. On motion of W. D. Moore a severance of the case was granted and it was decided to try Mrs. Schuettler first. The work of impanneling a jury occupied considerable time, but the necessary number of men was finally obtained. The work of preparation having occupied much time, but little testimony was taken during the balance of the afternoon. Four witnesses were examined, but nothing of special importance was elicited. The particulars of this murder, so fully dwelt upon at the time it was committed, are so well known as to render extended remarks unnecessary. Lizzie Killen, our readers will remember, was tried for the same crime and acquitted, and she now appears in this case as an important witness. The trial will be resumed at nine o'clock this morning.

MEETINGS.

☞ PITTSBURGH FREE DISPEN

The Annual Meeting for the elec Board of Managers for the ensuing year will the Dispensary on MONDAY, April 6th, at P. M. mh31-

☞ THE ANNUAL MEETING

Stockholders of the PITTSBURG COLLEGE will be held at the COLLE on THURSDAY, April 2, at 3 o'clock mh31-dtd

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAIL Office of the Secretary Pittsburgh,

☞ THE ANNUAL MEE

Stockholders of the Alle Company will be held at the corner 11th and Penn streets, 12, at 11 o'clock A. M., on

TUESDAY

For the purpose serve for the en such other busin mh31-2t37

POLITICAL.

☞ FOR CONGRESS IN TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

THOMAS M. BAYNE

Will be a candidate for Congress in the Twenty-third District, subject to the decision of the Republican Convention. mh31-8

☞ FOR CONGRESS.

ALEX. M. WATSON

Will be a candidate for the Congressional Nomination in the next Republican Convention for the Twenty-third District. mh28-8

SPECIAL NOTICES.

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR OF GAS AND GAS METERS FOR ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

☞ DESIRING THAT THE PUBLIC should more generally avail themselves of the advantages of this office, I would give notice to persons desiring to have their meters tested to leave their orders at the offices of their respective Gas Companies, or at my office, corner of Twenty-third and Smallman streets, and they shall receive prompt attention.

H. M. SMITH, Inspector.

ELECTI

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KING, REED & CO.

TUESDAY, MARCH 31, 1874.

BONDS at Frankfort 98⅛.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 32½f.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 113½.

THE Ashantee expedition force was yesterday reviewed by the Queen, at Windsor, amid much enthusiasm.

GENERAL NEGLEY made an argument before the House Committee on Claims, yesterday, in behalf of those of our coal operators who expended money in widening the railroad bridge at Parkersburg. The money, without doubt, should be repaid by the Government, as the work resulted in the improvement of navigation.

THE canvass for the nomination for the Lieutenant-Governorship has actively commenced. Several counties have presented the name of Hon. John C. Flenniken, of Greene county, as their choice for the Republican nomination. Mr. Flenniken was once Senator for Greene county, is a gentleman of high character, and is very popular where known.

THE Congregational Council in Brooklyn did practically nothing—commending and censuring the two parties to the church quarrel—Plymouth church, and Rev. Drs. Storrs and Buddington. As it could not induce Plymouth church to join in the Council, it could do nothing more. And as it came together as a great church council, it could not well do less. The whole question at issue, so far as appeared on the surface, was the fact of dropping Tilton's name from the church register. Below the surface was the Beecher-Tilten-Bowen scandal, but this was not reached.

THE report from Austria, that a crusade against the Jesuits has been resolved on, narrows down to several resolutions, offered by members, on their individual responsibility, favoring the expulsion of Jesuit organizations. It is noticeable, however, that such resolutions are even permitted to be introduced in the Reichsrath. Whether this crusade has in it enough cohesion to accomplish anything definite is very uncertain. It is more than suspected that the influence of the German Empire is at the bottom of all the movements in progress, and should Bismarck die, this influence would be perceptibly modified. Whatever the wishes or prejudices of any may be, it is not wise to expect too much from the several governments in Europe, for many years, in the way of limiting the power of Jesuitism. ...so interwoven with society, and has so ...ments of power in its hands, that ...long and fierce that re-

therefore, will turn upon the composition of the Philadelphia delegation. If Mr. Paxson's friends secure a majority they will throw Mr. Stanton overboard. If the latter's retainers are successful they will compel the Judge's supporters to walk the plank. This will leave the contest among the other candidates named. We have already referred to the current rumors relative to the Secretaryship of the Interior, and the past few days have developed nothing new in reference to it.

TRADES-UNION ERRORS.

The GAZETTE has shown itself sufficiently favorable to the interests of the working classes, particularly miners and workers in iron, to be permitted a word of kindly advice to these classes touching a subject of deep interest to them,—the development of strikes. We have what we deem reliable information that the suspension of operations at the Cambria iron mill, Johnstown, was caused by anticipation of a strike among the miners. At the beginning of the crisis, last fall, prices of labor were reduced; recently, they were advanced slightly, and were likely to be further increased shortly. In the midst of this promising condition of things, the workmen called a meeting, with the understanding that a strike would be ordered; but, before the day of their meeting, Mr. Morrell closed the works, and announces that they will remain closed until the company shall be allowed to manage its affairs without dictation.

We notice, far and near, an increasing disposition among capitalists, to refuse to be dictated to by irresponsible parties. The history of strikes, in this country, has been one of direct or comparative failure, on the part of workmen; and generally, we are compelled to think because either justice was against them, or their course was marked by imprudence. Successful strikes are often attended by loss of time that swallows up all the advantage to be secured through the concessions obtained. In place of the harsh, and often arbitrary measures termed strikes, we submit that in this country there is, generally, a kindly interest felt towards employes by the employing classes. There is less antagonism between labor and capital in this country than anywhere else in the known world. While there are, possible, those who will oppress and mistreat employes, the rule is for capitalists to fairly consider the claims of employes.

Where, however, it may be thought that the compensation is inadequate for the service rendered, a candid representation of the facts, in a right spirit, is far more apt to secure the result desired, than are strikes. A sense of independence obtains, very generally, in this country, and there are few that are ready to submit to dictation. It often happens that strikes are precipitated, because the concessions thought to be desirable are demanded, rather than asked. A demand is likely to be refused, when a properly preferred request would be cheerfully granted. The very fact of making a demand seems to necessitate its attempted enforcement,—and hence strikes. We say to workingmen, everywhere,—try kindliness and fair dealing with employers. Show yourselves worthy of large compensation, and then ask it in a proper and reasonable manner. In nine cases out of ten the request will be cheerfully granted.

THE NEW FINANCIAL STRUGGLE.

The limit of the legal tender circulation of the country has been definitely fixed, and this subject may now be considered as disposed of. But other measures of finance have come forward, and these, if acted upon, will constitute the final legislation to be had on this subject, for many years, we trust. All who have given attention to this question of finance are agreed that it is a great evil to have frequent legislation on it. We need a policy that shall meet the peculiar requirements of the country; and this should be deliberately and carefully resolved upon, and thoroughly adapted to conditions such as are found only in this country. These conditions are clearly defined and well understood. It is known, for example, that ...growth of the ...a per ...hat

...persons were re- ...church, six ...Saturday ...an am- ...Bulli- ...ound- ...nts ...w ...n ...-

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

THERE are 166 boys in the Iowa Reform School at Eldora.

AN Iowa man has recovered 13 cents damages for having been called a fraud.

COLORED silk pocket handkerchiefs for ladies have come into fashion in New York.

PATRICK HAGLETON, a laborer, killed his wife with a poker in Cincinnati on Sunday evening, in a drunken quarrel.

THE Washington *Star* says that on account of want of practice it takes a veteran Congressman very long to apply a postage stamp.

IT is said that the strings and tapes needful for the proper arrangement of the new skirts are as numerous and intricate as the running rigging of a clipper ship.

THE latest way of expressing it—"You might as well try to spampoo an elephant with a thimbleful of soapsuds as to attempt to do business and ignore advertising."

THE following is latest obituary:

Here lies interred Priscilla Bird,
Who saug on earth till sixty-two;
Now, up on high, above the sky,
No doubt she sings like sixty, too.

THE report that Henri Rochfort and Paschal Grousut have escaped from New Caledonia is confirmed. A dispatch from Melbourne says they, with Goude and Boullierre, and two other convicts, arrived at New Castazew.

"WRITERS claim that the State of Maine is the most northerly territory in the United States, being in latitude 47 deg 32 min. This is a mistake. Isle Royale, Lake Superior, is in 48 deg. 29 min." How about Alaska?

THE night express going west on the Canada Grand Trunk Railroad, ran into a special locomotive proceeding two miles east of Tonanque, on Saturday morning. The engineer, fireman and brakeman of the express train were slightly injured; also several passengers.

IT is a curious fact that the statue of Jefferson, in the public grounds near the White House, is still the property of the heirs of the late Captain Lacy, the owner formerly of Monticello, as Congress never formally accepted it, though presented to it more than thirty years ago.

THE Galleon Treasure Company is organizing for the purpose of acquiring and operating the concession granted by the Spanish Government, giving the right to recover a vast amount of treasure known to be sunk in a fleet of Spanish galleons in the harbor of Vigo, in Spain, in 1702.

THE different trades unions of New York have united in an appeal to all labor organizations throughout the country to insist upon eight hours constituting a day's labor, and to hold mass meetings on the 11th of May to express their opposition to the contract system on Government buildings.

GENERAL EDWARD LEE, who was acting Governor of Wyoming territory when suffrage was granted to the women, delivered a lecture at Boston, last Wednesday, on its workings. He declares that no domestic jars have occurred, even when in one case a husband and wife were rival candidates for the same office, the one on the Democratic, the other on the Republican ticket. The women usually vote for the best candidates, and cannot be bribed, and the whole political situation is improved.

AUSTIN BLACK, lately of the firm of Black & Spaulding, gold brokers, and J. H. Duzenbury, of New York, have been arrested on indictments charging them with attempting to induce perjury. The offense, it is claimed, occurred in connection with a suit begun by Austin Black and Putnam F. Spaulding against the Continental Bank, to recover $63,125, with interest from May 1, 1866, upon a check deposited with plaintiffs by one John Ross, a forger, and which bore a certification of the bank.

THE Supreme Court of New York has granted an order to show cause why a writ of mandamus should not be issued against Judge Davis, on motion of the counsel for Tweed, who claim there were certain exceptions taken in the course of the trial, and noted by the stenographer in his minutes, which the Chief Justice improperly refused to allow in settling the case. The appeal order is made returnable on the 23d of April next, and the counsel for Tweed are given until the 15th of the same month to submit further affidavits.

THE NASBY LETTERS.

The Temperance Crusade at the Corners—Pollock and Bigler Get up a Woman's Movement—The Great Failure.

CONFEDRIT X ROADS,
(Wich is in the State uv Kentucky),
MARCH 14, 1874.

Joe Bigler, the infamus, and Pollock, wich is worse, hev been at it agin. There is an amount uv devilment in the buzzums uv them men wich biles over perpetooally, and wich kin no more be stopped than kin fermentashen in cider. The Corners will hev to rise in its mite, and kill them two impious wretches in self-defense.

The fact that Mrs. Bascom, G. W.'s wife, hez been gittin a large assortment of new cloze in Looisville, and that she's the only woman in the Corners who hez a second dress—and it wood be almost safe to say the fust one—hez been taken advantage uv by these feends to perdooce an insurrekshen in our otherwise quiet households.

Issaker Gavitt's wife, Lucindy, and Deekin Pogram's wife, and his dawter, Mirandy, happened to be in Pollock's store a buyin some pork to bile, when, as ill luck wood hev it, Mrs. Bascom passed down the street. She hed a fur sack and noo bonnet, and hed gloves on, and a muff, and a gold chain, and she held her head well up, and hed a ostridge feather. She wuz a gorgeous site for the Corners.

"See Mrs. Bascom, Mirandy," sed Joe Bigler, callin the attenshun uv the wimen to her, ez she went sailin down street.

They all looked at her, and rage filled their chaste buzzums.

"I never hed a buzzum pin," sed Miranda, indignantly.

"Why, I ain't got no shoes, to say nothin uv fur overshoes," shreeked Lucindy Gavitt.

"Why, don't Issaker get yoo shoes?" asked that villanous disturber, Pollock.

"He never hez no money," answered Lucindy.

"Wat did he do with the money I paid him for his corn two weeks ago?" wuz the innocent question uv Pollock.

It was a spark uv fire in a magazine.

"Hez he sold his corn?" she asked, her voice quiverin with emoshen.

"He did sell it to me two weeks ago," sed Pollock.

"The onery cuss! Why, he promised me a pare of shoes and the bady some cloze when he sold that corn."

"But, my deer Mrs. Gavitt," sed this hypercritickle sneak, "you know—"

(Just then Mrs. Bascom was returnin—)

"But, you know," he countinyood, "he hed to pay Bascom, becoz—by the way ther goes Mrs. Bascom agin, and aint she a stunner—becoz G. W. hed to go to Loosiville to git his wife's winter outfit, and he hed to hev wat Issaker owed him."

"And the munney for the corn, wich I planted, and hoed, and cut, and shucked, hed to go to put cloze on Liz Bascom, did it? Liz Bascom hez cloze, bez she?"

And this enraged woman howled with emoshun, as did Mirandy Pogram and her mother.

And Pollock kept addin fooel to the flame he had kindled.

"Here," said he to Lucindy, "is a lovely piece uv velvet wich wood make yoo an elegant sack, and, Lord bless yoo, how this French flannel wood make up into a dress and cloak for yoor baby. It does seem to me as though Issaker and the Deekin mite let yoo wimmin hev enuff munney to git yoo some things. It seems a pity that Mrs. Bascom shood hev everything!"

Ef there is anything which'll make a lion out ov a woman its the desire for dry goods. Pollock know'd this and he played it onto em. He show'd em dry goods till they became raving maniacs.

These three misguided wimmen left that store croosaders—they was so many Joneuv Arks. Thro the mud they went to Mrs. McPeller's, to Mrs. Elder Pennibacker's, and to the wife of every regular resident of the Corners, and they determined to make a move onto Bascom, and stop his bizinis anyway, so that the money spent at his bar could be yoosed in getting cloze for them and their children. They appinted Toosday last ez the day on wich they wuz to make the raid. They arranged a perceshen, with banners, onto wich they wuz to write: "Less rum—more cloze," and was to visit Boscom and set down in his grocery and compel their husbands not to drink no more, and Bascom not to sell em anything anymore.

There wuz wild forebodins of woe in Bascom's. G. W. himself, and Issaker Gavitt and Deekin Pogram and myself all sot with pale faces, dreading this invasion. I am a man uv resource. I advised that a barl be rolled out into his barn and a bar be extemporized there, we cood get our nips till this cyclone shood pass over. This G. W. consented to do, and thus fortified we sot down and awaited the attack.

Wat military conkerer wuz it that wuz saved from annihilashen by the weather gettin so warm and the yeeldin ground so soft that the enemy cooden move their artillery? It was a similar interposition that saved us. Toosday mornin broke ez warm and ez pleasant ez a May day. The sun come out smilin, and it wuz warm enuff to go barefoot, and the Corners wuz happy. The perceshen wuz to March at eleven.

"We are lost," sed Bascom, gloomily.

"Oh that I shood live to see this day!" sighed Deekin Pogram.

"Let us comport ourselves like men," sed I. "This is a cyclone. It will only last a few days. Can not we submit to deprivation for that time?"

Ten o'clock arrived. The wind set in from the north. Issaker rushed out and looked at the sky, and came back with hope on his countenance.

"Ef this wind holds we are saved! Ha! it grows colder! There's flakes uv snow ...g! The perceshen can't move. ...en ain't got no shoes."

...der. The wind came raw ... We consulted the only ... the Corners, wich ...look bare-

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1,000 Sides Spanish Upper Sole;
500 " Springfield Oak Sole;
100 doz. French Calf and Kip of the most approved Brand,
With a full assortment of Saddlers and Shoemakers stock wholesale and retail.

C. F. AHLERS,
Merchant Tailor,
216 LIBERTY STREET,
Third Door from Sixth avenue, PITTSBURGH, PA.
mh28:s54

DRY GOODS.

WILLIAM
NEW ARRANGEMENTS
1874.

New Spring Goods, Of all kinds, On Second Floor.
Marseilles Quilts, Toilet Quilts, Honey Comb Quilts.

SECOND FLOOR
Is now fitted up a general storeroom, where all kinds of Goods may be found as on first floor.

Wall Screens, Toilet Sets, Bureau Sets.
Toilet Sacques, Chemises, Ladies' Night Gowns.

Ladies' and Misses Fine White Skirts,
Plain, Tucked and Embroidered.
Ladies' and Misses' Fine White Muslin Underwear.
Children's and Misses' Of all kinds. Fine Underwear.

LADIES' FANCY STRIPED SHAWLS,
Fine—only $2 00—very cheap.
Calico Waists, White Waists, Chintze Waists.
Linen Waists, Alpaca Waists, Embroidered Waists.

LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS of every description—lowest to finest qualities.
Handsome New Flowers, Pom Pons, Mourning Flowers.
Hats and Bonnets, Scarfs, Ruchings, Ribbons and Flowers.

This department will be found to be very attractive at
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

SEMPLE.
SPRING GOODS.
197 AND 199 PENN AVE.

SILKS.
We have just opened our new lines of
Black and Fancy Dress Silks,
For the Present season, to which we invite the attention of buyers. Our
BLACK SILKS
are of the very best makes, including "GOLDEN WHEEL" and C. J. BONNET & CO., CASHMERE De LOIE. All at
Reduced Prices.

IN FANCY STRIPED SILKS
We offer Choice Styles at less than last season's prices.
Plain Dress Silks,
In all new Dark Shades, and in Evening Tints.
BLACK TORQUOISE, AND
BLACK GROS DE SUES,
For Trimming.

New Hamburg Embroideries,
New Style Linen Collars and Cuffs,
All the latest styles in Neck ruchings,
Latest Novelties in Ladies' Neck Handkerchiefs and Neck Ties,
Fine French Corsets,
Ready Made Muslin Undergarments of Superior Quality and Finish,
French Cotton hosiery, plain and striped.
Real Balbriggan Hosiery.
Merino Underwear, Silk Underwear.
White Piques, Irish Linen.
Striped Linen, Tucked Skirting.

NEW GOODS EVERY DAY,
AT LOWEST PRICES.
JOS. HORNE & CO.,
197 and 199
PENN AVENUE.

DRY GOODS!
English Walking Jackets,
Shawls, Blankets, Merinos,
Serges, Cashmeres,
AND ALL
Winter Dress Goods
Selling at Greatly Reduced Prices.
Table Linens, Sheetings and Shirtings very cheap at
H. J. LYNCH'S,
No. 96 Market Street.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.
SPRING, 1874
CARPETS,
LATEST STYLES.
Oil Cloths. Oil Cloths.
BEST DESIGNS.
SHADES AND SHADE CLOTH
IN GREAT VARIETY.
We offer a large and well selected stock at LOWEST CASH PRICES.
Bovard, Rose & Co.,
21 Fifth Avenue

WANTED!
North Pacific 7-30 Bonds.
Mortgage, $15,000, for Three Years.
Mortgage, $10,000 for Two Years.
Mortgage, $5,000, for Three Years.
Mortgage, $3,000, for Two Years.
Lake Superior and Mississippi R. R. Bonds.
ALSO,
FOR SALE,
BANK STOCKS,
CITY BONDS,
INSURANCE STOCKS,
SCHOOL BONDS,
RAILWAY STOCKS.
RAILWAY BONDS,
GOVERNMENTS.
COMMERCIAL PAPER.

PUTS AND CALLS
On All Active New York Stocks.
$100 for 100 Shares.
Explanatory Circular mailed on application.
CALL ON OR ADDRESS
Luther S. Kauffman,
BROKER,
NO. 96 FOURTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

HAZARD POWDER CO.'S
Sporting and Mining Powder.
I am now prepared to supply this very superior Powder to Sportsmen, Furnaceme n, Contractors and dealers by keg or car load, AT LOW PRICES. Safety Fuse constantly on hand. ARTHUR KIRK,
No. 19 Seventh street, (late Irwin,) Pittsburgh.

BEANS—25 BBLS CHOICE NAVY Beans.
DRIED PEACHES—25 bbls Halves; 15 do Quarters; 15 do Sliced.
DRIED APPLES—10 bbls Sliced.
For sale by J. B. CANFIELD,
116 Water street and 159 First avenue.

DRY GOODS.

NEW
DRESS GOODS
JUST OPENED.
At 12½c, Striped Spring Poplins—choice colors.
At 25c, Fine Double-width Alpacas—all the new shades.
At 25c, Black Poplin Alpacas—a decided bargain.
At 40c, Black Mohair Alpacas—extra fine.
New Spring Plaids
In handsome colors.
New Wash Poplins.
Gray Dress Goods in all desirable fabrics.
Fine All Wool Cashmeres, very choice goods.
Silk Warp Lisgones and Stripes.
Satteens and Sergeas.
Empress Cloths, new Spring colors.
Japanese Poplins.

DRESS SILKS
Direct from Manufacturers.
Best American Silks, in black and colors.
Best makes Foreign Black Dress Silks.
Striped Dress Silks.
Plaid Dress Silks.
Colored Silks, all Shades.
Elegant Embroidered Silk Polonaises.

Mourning Dress Goods,
In all Desirable Fabrics and Qualities.
LATEST STYLES IN
Ladies' Walking Jackets.
Cloth and Cashmere Sacques.
Shawls in great variety.
Mourning Shawls.
Ladies' and Children's Suits.
Goods for Men and Boys' wear.
Cassimeres—extra bargains.
6-4 Diagone and Dra Eta Cloths.
6-4 Blue Cochs—very nice for Boys' wear.
Jeans and Tweeds,
AT VERY LOW PRICES AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL ST. ALLEGHENY.

STOVES, RANGES, &c.
THE
FIERY FURNACE,

MANUFACTURED BY
Graff, Hugus & Co.,
MILES' IMPROVED
Star Range.
Improved Double-Oven
BOSTON RANGE,
VAN'S PATENT
PORTABLE RANGE
Parlor and Cook Stoves,
Fine and Common Enameled Grate Fronts,
Fine and Common Enameled Fenders, Nickel Plated Grate Fronts, Nickel Plated Fenders, Wash House Furniture, Wash House Stoves, Coal Hole Doors.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
206 and 208 Liberty Street

L. H. SMITH & CO.,
190 Liberty St.
Manufacturers and Dealers
IN THE
CHILSON
New Cone Furnaces
WELLMAN REFLECTOR
Grates and Stoves,
MARBELIZED
SLATE MANTELS.
ALSO
Common Fronts and Grates,
HOT AIR REGISTERS AND VENTILATORS, &c.

1874. WALL PAPER. 1874.
ATTENTION!
FRENCH TAPESTRIES and PANELS
CHOICE AMERICAN PAPERS
Of all Grades and Prices.
SPECIALTY.
Frescoe Painted Tints,
Nicer than Paint and Superior to Varnish.
A patent preparation in Oil. Sold exclusively by
W. P. MARSHALL,
No. 47 Seventh Street,
(Formerly Irwin), NEAR LIBERTY.

FURNACES, RANGES, MANTLES, GRATES, &C.
JAMES OLD, 193 LIBERTY STREET.

Window Glass
SAMUEL DUFF.....TERRENCE CAMPBELL,
WINDOW GLASS MANUFACTURERS. As we keep in our warehouse a first-class cutter, we are prepared to fill all orders from a single light to five thousand boxes on short notice. We select the best sheet Glass to fill orders cut in our warehouse. It will be to the advantage of all parties wanting Glass to give us a call before going elsewhere. Warehouse on the corner of Market street and First avenue.
DUFF & CAMPBELL.

JOHN T. GRAY,
House and Sign Painter,
34 NINTH STREET,
ALL WORK WARRANTED. The best material in the market used. Rates the most reasonable in the city. feb7-y39

MERCHANT TAILOR.
B. TIEGEL,
NO. 53 SMITHFIELD STREET,
Just received, a full line of CLOTHS and CASSIMERES, for Spring wear, at LOWEST PRICES.

KEYSTONE
MARBLE WORKS.
For a Fine Monument, a Good Head Stone, or al kinds of Work for the Cemeteries, go to
C. MILLER'S,
No. 45 Butler street, near the Cemetery Gate, Pittsburgh, Pa.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S.
Piano Covers,
With Gold Edge.
Table Covers, Stamped and Embossed.
Single and Double Width Waffle Canvas.
New Plain and Checked
SASH RIBBONS.
Fine assortment of Ruchings and Ruches.
NEW HATS AND BONNETS,
New Spring Styles.
Normandy Hat Frames.
Fine line of Windsor Scarfs, in plain, checked and fancy end.
A very fine and handsome assortment of Crape De Chine Scarfs, all colors.
Bergmann Zephyrs, all the new shades.
New Hamburg Edgings and Embroideries.
YAK LACES.
Nottingham Lace Tidies.
Plain, Tucked and Embroidered Pillow Shams.
Plain, Tucked and Embroidered Ladies' and Misses Underwear.
Plain, Tucked and Embroidered Ladies' White Skirts.
New and full line of
FANCY GOODS
For the Season, at
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

INSURANCE.
SOUTH SIDE
Fire Insurance Co.
CAPITAL, - - - $100,000.
ASSETS, - - - $120,339 59
Office, 2633 Carson Street, Pittsburgh
R. B. BROWN, President.
H. LAFFERTY, Vice President.
JOSEPH JAGER, Secretary.
J. G. FLEISHMAN, Treasurer.
DIRECTORS.
R. B. Brown, J. G. Fleishman, H. Lafferty, John Nuser, A. J. Happ, Robert Houlden, George Geyer, Joseph Keeling, Joseph Mabeier, H. Schaffner, M. Sheidemantel, John Fouelt, G. A. Mundorff.
PENNSYLVANIA INS'CE CO
OF PITTSBURGH.
Office: Second Floor 167½ Wood Street
This is a home company, offering good security to be insured. Risks taken at reasonable rates, and losses promptly adjusted and paid.
DIRECTORS.
C. Yeager, W. W. Patrick, L. Walter, S. H. Hopkins, Louis J. Aaron, Duncan Lyon, C. Yeager, W. W. PATRICK, Treasurer.
James Graham, Geo. W. Evans, J. C. Fleiner, C. G. Hussey, J. C. Lappe, Wm. Smith, James Painter, Thos. Molson, Wm. G. Frazier, H. H. Alexander, M. Voegtly, L. WALTER, Vice President, THOS. D. ELLIS, Secretary.
UNION INSURANCE CO
OF PITTSBURGH.
Office—116 Smithfield St., Second Floor,
MELLON'S BUILDING.
JAMES H. HOPKINS, President.
A. G. CUBBAGE, J. C. LAPPE, Vice Presidents.
JACOB H. WALTER, Treasurer.
J. W. J. MCLAIN, Secretary.
DIRECTORS.
James H. Hopkins, A. G. Cubbage, James Bown, G. Steegel, C. Lappe, Chas. A. Colton, Geier C. Shidel, John Evans, Louis Morgenstern, Chas. Meyran, Jacob H. Walter, William Naglin, GEORGE OGDEN, General Agent.
Western Insurance Company
OF PITTSBURGH.
Incorporated April, 1849.
CAPITAL, - - - - - $225,000.
Fire and Marine Insurance
Losses Promptly Adjusted and Paid.
Office First National Bank Building, corner of Fifth avenue and Wood street.
DIRECTORS.
Alex. Nimick, Alex. Speer, Wm. Morrison, Charles J. Clark, Wm. S. Evans, Philip Reymer, Robert Miller, Jr. Andrew Ackley, David M. Long, D. Ihmsen, Joseph Kirkpatrick, H. Sellers McKee.
ALEX. NIMICK, President.
WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.
mh28:57 GEO. NEELD, Agent and Surveyor.
FEDERAL INSURANCE CO
Of Allegheny City Pa.,
Fire and Marine
OFFICE: Cor. Federal and Sandusky Street
A. McFARLAND, President. S. M. HARTMAN, Vice President.
E. D. THOMPSON, Secretary.
DIRECTORS.
E. S. Hartman, Valentine Faber, A. McFarland, Joseph H. Sayrand, Wm. Schoyer, W. J. Langfitt, S. H. Smith, J. G. Reed, R. D. Moore, Alex. Hilands, W. G. Gibson, S. S. Hartman, Samuel Dyer, W. F. Rodgers, Joseph Kirkpatrick, S. Pearson, Jr., M. R. Snyder, Albert Pitcairn, E. D. Peebles, E. S. McGarey, W. J. CARSON, General Agent.
ALLEGHENY INSURANCE CO
OF PITTSBURGH.
Office, No. 67 Fourth Avenue
Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.
JOHN IRWIN, JR., President.
J. T. STOCKDALE, Vice President.
C. C. DONNELL, Secretary.
CAPT. WM. DEAN, General Agent.
DIRECTORS.
John Irwin, Jr., J. T. Stockdale, C. C. Hussey, Harvey Childs, Chas. Rays, Capt. Wm. Dean, S. L. Fahnestock, W. H. Everson, Geo. W. Coffin, Hugh S. Fleming, Jas. V. McCord, T. H. Nevin.
THE
Superior Lumber Co.
Has now on hand a large stock of DRY
PINE AND HEMLOCK JOIST,
PINE, OAK AND CHESTNUT PLANK,
BOARDS, LATHS,
Pickets, &c.,
At the very lowest prices.
OFFICES and YARDS, 22d and Railroad Streets. 29th and Liberty Streets.

GOOD INVESTMENT
MUNICIPAL BONDS,
Paying 8 and 10 Per Cent.
CALL ON
G. B. HILL & CO.,
58 FOURTH AVENUE.

SPEEDILY CURED.
ALL FORMS of Venereal, Private and Nervous diseases, at the old established Girard Medical Institute, No. 172 Second avenue, between Smithfield and Grant streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia, and all Urinary diseases are cured in the shortest possible time that will insure permanent relief. Spermatorrhea, or Seminal weakness or Impotency, as the result of self-abuse in youth or excess in manhood years and which produce some of the following effects, as emissions, blotches, debility, dizziness, nervousness, dimness of sight, cough, indigestion, constipation, despondency, confusion of ideas, aversion to society, loss of memory and sexual power, and which unfitsthe victim for business or marriage, and ultimately causing insanity and consumption, are thoroughly and permanently cured. Medicine supplied at the Institute. A medical pamphlet relating to private diseases sent in sealed envelope for two stamps. All communications confidential.
Patients treated by mail or express, but where possible it is best to visit the city for personal consultation, or address
GIRARD MEDICAL INSTITUTE,
No. 172 Second avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. Office fro 9 A. M. to 7 P. M. Sundays by appointment.
nov15-y43

HAVANA CIGARS.—A FRESH INvoice genuine imported Havana Cigars, including Reina Victoria, Regalia Conchas, Coronas, Comme il Faut, Cortez and London Clubs, Vilar, Benigno, Cabana, Figaro, Henry Clay, Flor del Fumar, and other fine brands just received and for sale at the Grocery House of
JOHN A. RENSHAW & CO.,
Corner Liberty and 9th streets.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE OF CONTROLLER,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, PA., March 20, 1874.
Notice to Iron Founders.
Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 2 P. M., TUESDAY, March 31, 1874, for, furnishing the city with
MISCELLANEOUS CASTINGS, INLETS MANHOLES, &c.,
For Sewerage purposes, for the current year.
Plans and specifications can be seen as the office of the City Engineer.
The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.
mh20:n44 JAMES BROWN, Controller.

To Boiler Manufacturers.
SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by the Water Committee until the 4TH DAY OF APRIL, at 6 P. M., at the office of the Secretary, JOHN T. DUFF, for the building of EIGHT (8) BATTERIES OF STEAM BOILERS, DRUMS, &c. The right to reject any or all bids is reserved. Plans and specifications can be had at the office of JOS. L. LOWRY, Mechanical and Hydraulic Engineer, or
JOHN T. DUFF, Secretary of Com.,
mh18 Municipal Hall, Allegheny.

Brownsville and Washington Avenue Improvement.
Change of Notice to Contractors
SEALED PROPOSALS
For Grading, Masonry, Curbing, Paving and construction of Crosswalks on the above-named work, will be received at the office of A. P. NORTON, Secretary of the Commission, Carson street, two doors west of the Monongahela Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh, until MONDAY, the 6th day of April, 1874, at 2 o'clock.
Each bidder will bid for the whole work or a part thereof separately. Bids are solicited for different kinds of stone pavements, including therein the Telford model.
Specifications and further information can be obtained at the office of the Secretary. The Commissioners reserve the right to accept or reject the whole or a portion of all bids, should they see proper to do so.
Bidders must accompany their proposals with bonds, as required by the city.
THOMAS SEMPLE,
GEO. T. ROBINSON,
D. C. HELLIUS,
A. P. NORTON,
JAMES MCKEEVER,
Commissioners.
A. P. NORTON, Secretary.
mh26:s78

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE, MUNICIPAL HALL, PITTSBURGH, March 17, 1874.
NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—SEALED Proposals will be received at this office until WEDNESDAY, 1st day of April, 1874, at 3 P. M., for the following work:
GRADING.
Hill street, from Brownsville avenue to Bailey's line.
Clay alley from 48th to 49th streets.
Denny alley from Charlotte street to Tunnel street.
GRADING, PAVING AND CURBING.
21st street, from Sarah street to a point 600 feet south of Josephine street.
Sarah street, from Carson alley to Railroad street.
Clark street and Clark alley from Overhill street, to Pleasant alley.
Spruce street, from 21st street to 23d street.
Harmon alley, from 23d street to 25th street.
Walnut alley, from 6th avenue to 9th street.

FINANCIAL.

FRANKLIN SAVINGS FUND
And Safe Deposit Co.,
Corner 7th Avenue and Smithfield Street.
Incorporated by Legislature of Pennsylvania.

CAPITAL, - - $250,000.

Interest allowed on Deposits. Short Loans on Valuable Property, Real or Personal. Discounts daily.
Open daily from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Saturdays from 7 to 9 P. M.
JOSEPH M. GAZZAM, President.
SAM'L A. LONG, Vice President and Business Manager.
DIRECTORS.
J. M. Gazzam, And. J. Lee,
D. F. Smith, Geo. M. Reed,
Samuel A. Long, Frank Robbe,
A. J. Doutbett.
JOHN G. MACCONNELL, Cashier.
Jno. Sidleton.

SHOE AND LEATHER BANK,
14 Smithfield Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
CAPITAL - - - $200,000.
GEO. H. ANDERSON, President.
JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.
Deposits received and 6 Per Cent. Interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention given to collections and proceeds promptly remitted.

GERMAN NATIONAL BANK.
Cor. Wood Street and Sixth Avenue.
CAPITAL, - - - - - - $250,000
SURPLUS, - - - - - - 127,000
Interest allowed on time deposits.
Exchange on Germany, France, England and Switzerland at lowest rates. Collections made promptly on all parts of the United States and Canada. Particular attention given to all business of correspondents.
DIRECTORS.—A. Greetzinger, J. F. Havekotte, W. F. Lang, J. C. Dickson, E. H. Meyers, Joseph Lang, Paul Hugus, Christ. Siebert, P. Haberman, A. Greetzinger, President.
JOSEPH LAURANT, Cashier.

International Bank,
Corner Liberty and Market Sts.
CAPITAL, $200,000.
Pays Interest on Deposits.

DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCIAL.

Latest Advices Concerning Money and Stock Matters.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, March 31, 1874.

The improvement in local business, while slow, is nevertheless reliable and hopeful. Some of the inquiry for money at the banks is doubtless in anticipation of first of April settlements, yet with this allowed for, there is also a large demand for strictly business purposes. We hear of good paper,—"gilt edged" being done for 7 per cent., which is a very low figure in this city. There are movements looking to the development of fresh activity in real estate, and in the course of a few weeks the market for real estate will be fairly opened. Prices still rule low. The same may be said of local stocks.

A company has been organized in New York, under a charter granted by that State, with a capital of $750,000 to recover a quantity of Spanish treasure. The facts briefly are these: The treasure contained in the galleons of 1702 was the accumulation of four years, both public and private, and estimated at from eight to nine millions of pieces of eight (each piece of eight being the equivalent of one piastre, or Spanish silver dollar). This fleet of galleons, laden with the treasure, and convoyed by a French fleet of 23 line-of-battle ships, arrived in the harbor of Vigo in September, 1702. An attack was made by a combined Anglo-Dutch fleet on the Franco-Spanish fleet, with a view to the capture of the treasure, on the 23d of October, 1702. The success of the attack being imminent, the French and Spanish officers determined, rather than that the treasure should fall into the hands of the Anglo-Dutch, to burn and sink the galleons with the treasure in the harbor of Vigo; and in pursuance of this determination, 14 of the galleons with the treasure were sunk, the remaining nine falling into the possession of the Anglo-Dutch, viz: four to the English and five to the Dutch. Of the four taken by the English, the most valuable, viz —the prize taken by the Monmouth—sunk at the entrance of this Bay of Vigo, from striking on a sunken rock, and the Dutch were compelled to abandon two of their prizes, being unable to extinguish the flames, thus leaving seventeen out of the twenty-five galleons submerged.

A comparatively small portion of coin forming part of the treasure, had been landed at Vigo before the attack, but the total value of treasure submerged approximates, as near as can be determined, and upon the lowest estimate at not less than $17,000,000.

Luther S. Kaufman, Broker, No. 96 Fourth Avenue, furnishes the following quotations of bonds and stocks from the latest advices by telegraph:

	Opened.	Closed.
Gold	112¾	113¾
U. S. 5-20s—1861—coupons	120¾	12-¾
" 1862	117¾	117¾
5-20 1865	117¾	117¾
5-20—1864	119¾	119¾
" 1865	119¾	119¾
" 1868 new	119	119¾
" 1867	120¾	120¾
" 1868—coupons	119¾	119¾
10-40's	114¾	114¾
Currency 6's	117	117
New 5 per cents	114¾	114¾
10-40's—coupons	114¾	114¾
RAILWAYS.		
New York Central	101¾	100¾
Erie	38½	37¾
A. & P. Preferred	105	
C. C. & I. C.	104	104
C. C. & I. C. "	82	82½
St. Paul	44¾	44
Do. preferred	83	64¾
Michigan Southern	87¾	87¾
Do. Central	87¾	86
North Western Common	56¾	56
Do. preferred	76¾	76¾
Rock Island	107	106¾
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	90½	89
Pacific Mail	48¾	47¾
Western Union Telegraph	79¾	78¾
Ohio & Mississippi	31¾	31¾
Union Pacific	67¾	67¾
Toledo & Wabash	46¾	44
Harlem	131	128½
Chicago and Alton	105	105
Adams Express	97¾	99¾
American Express	63¾	63¾
U. S. Express	71¾	70
W., Fargo & Co. Express	77	77¾
Quicksilver	29	27
Canton	58¾	
Panama	135¾	135
Fort Wayne	90¾	91
Hannibal and St. Joseph	33¾	33¾

Messrs. Robinson Bros., bankers, No. 54 Fourth avenue, furnish the following quotations of native stock on the Philadelphia Stock Board to-day:

	Closed.
Penna. Central	52¾
" scrip	98¾
Reading	39¾
United Cos. of N. J.	121
Oil Creek	41¾
Lehigh Valley	61¾
A. V. R. R. 7-30	92¾
Central Transportation	45
Empire do.	35¾

NEW YORK, March 30, 1874.

The Treasury disbursements were $116 000 and the custom s receipts $538,000. Money ranged 4@5. Sterling held at 484¾ for sixty days and 487¼@487¾ for sight. Gold ranged 113¾@113¾ and closed at 113¾. The carrying rates were flat to 4¾ closing at 2 per cent. The clearings were $46,000,000. State bonds were quiet. Tennessees, old and new, were lower. Governments were quiet and steady. Stocks opened weak at a decline of ¼@1 from Saturday's closing prices, but advanced ½@1 per cent. Late in the day the whole market became weak, with a pressure to sell, with sharp fluctuations, and in some cases the lowest prices of the day at the close. Union Pacific advanced to 38¾, the highest price reached in a long time, but closed 1 per cent. off. The features were Western Union, Pacific Mail, Erie, Lake Shore, St. Paul and C. C. & I. C. The sales for the day aggregated 275,000 shares, of which 39,000 were Western Union, 31,000 Pacific Mail, 33,000 Erie, 34,000 Lake Shore, 10,000 New York Central, 13,000 Wabash, 12,000 Northwest Common, 62,500 Union Pacific, 6,000 St. Paul, 6,000 Rock Island, 7,000 Ohio, and 12,000 C. C. & I. C. The weakness at the close was caused by the announcement of a panic at London on reports that the situation at Susquehanna Depot was serious and rumors unfavorable to the Wabash Company. A rumor was afloat that the Pacific Mail Steamship Co., upon the completion of the China line steamer, intend building a new line to run between New York and Liverpool.

Governments.—U. S. coupons of 1881, 12¾; 5-20s of '62, 117¾; do of '64, 119¾; do of '65, 119¾; do new, 119¾; do of '67, 120¾; do of '68, 120¾; new 5s, 115; 10-40s, 114¾; currency 6s, 117.

State Bonds.—Missouri 6s, 91; Tennessee, old, 49; do new, 49; Virginia, new, 55; do old, 35; North Carolina old, 29½; do new, 29½.

Stocks.—Canton, 75; Western Union Telegraph Co., 78¾; Quicksilver, 27; Adams Express, 99; Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express, 77¾; American Express, 62; United States Express, 70¾; Pacific Mail, 47¾; New York Central, 100¼@100¾; 3¾ do preferred, 80; Harlem, 128; do preferred, 136; Michigan Central, 86; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, 89; Northwestern common, 56; do preferred, 72¾; Rock Island, 106¾; New Jersey Central, 107; St. Paul, 44¾; do preferred, 83; Toledo & Wabash, 44½; do preferred, 71; Fort Wayne, 91; Terre Haute, 12; do preferred, 30; Chicago & Alton, 105; do preferred, 108; Ohio & Mississippi, 31¾; Cleveland, Columbus & Cincinnati, 73½; Hot Springs & Quincy, 164; Lake Shore, 78¾; Panama, 135; Illinois Central, 104; Union Pacific, 67¾; Central Pacific, 97¾; Union, 36; Hartford & Erie, 13¾; Delaware Lackawanna, 110¾.

LONDON, March 30—5 P. M.—Consols for money, 91¾@92; for account, 92; 4 20's of '65, 109¾; do '67, 108; 10-40's, 104; new 5's, 104¾; Illinois Central, 96; Erie, 34¾@35¾; preferred 61.

PARIS, March 30.—Rentes, 57 85c.

COMMERCIAL.

Condition of the Markets at Home and Abroad.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS—WEEKLY REVIEW.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, March 30, 1874.

APPLES—The arrivals were rather larger during the past week, but with a steady demand there has been no accumulation and prices are fully sustained, ranging from $4 to $5 ₩ brl. for fair to prime, and $5@6 for choice.

APPLE BUTTER—There is a continued steady demand, and we can report regular sales at 65 to 75c ₩ gallon, according to quality.

ASHES—There is but little doing, hence we omit quotations; however, an increased demand soon is not improbable.

ALE—Notwithstanding the largely increased cost of making it as compared with last year, there has been no advance whatever in rates, and we are assured that brewers cannot more than realize actual cost, if that, at present prices; several attempts have been made to establish an advance, but all efforts in that direction seem to have been abandoned, hence trade, so far as the manufacturer is concerned, is in an very unsatisfactory condition. We continue to quote X at $6 ₩ brl. to the city, and $7 to the country; XX, at $8; India Ale, $11. Half bris. in regular proportion.

BAGGING—Penn Mill two bushel bags, 35c; two and one-half bushel, 42½; three bushel, 50.

BEANS—The arrival continue liberal, and with only an average demand, stocks are accumulating and prices are barely maintained, ranging from $2 to $2.25 ₩ bushel, the outside figure for prime navies.

BROOM CORN—There is a very fair demand, and with only a limited supply, holders are holding firmly at full rates: 5½@6¼c for red; 7@8 for green, and 9@10 for hurl. Stocks in the hands of both jobbers and consumers is liberal, and the limited arrivals for some time past, must be considered light.

BROOMS—No. 2, $2.25@2.50 ₩ dozen; No. 3, $2.50@2.75; No. 4, $3@3.25; No. 5, $3.25@3.50; No. 6, $3.50@3.75. Carpet Brooms, $4@4.25. Whisps, 6, $1.50@1.75.

BUTTER—The market reacted slightly during the early part of the week, but there is an increase of large receipts and offerings, and prices for best grades dropped 2@3c ₩ lb, while in common and medium the depreciation was still greater, as the great bulk of the receipts were of this character; within the past few days, it having been discovered that the supply of strictly prime table Butter was scarcely equal to the demand, the market stiffened up again, that is for this kind, and for choice we have in the city a fair supply of rough stock, which is hard to dispose but for choice, there is a good demand, and it is bringing full rates. We quote Fresh Roll at 30@35 for inferior to common; 36@38 for fair to medium, and 38@42 for prime to choice.

CHEESE—A is quiet and unchanged, ranging from 17 to 20

COPPER—Following are the card rates, cash, as wanted: Planished, 30c; Bottoms, Coilers' Copper, 13 lb. sheets and upward, 35c, Braziers' Copper, 10, 11 and 12 lb. sheets, 36c, Bolts, Copper, 34c; Braziers' Copper, 8 lb. sheets, under 84 in. diameter, 38c. Circles, 84 in diameter and over, 40c Segment and Pattern Sheets, 38c; Sheathing Copper, 14 in. by 48 in., 33c. Bolt Copper, 30c. Brazing Copper, 40c. Tubes, A W Brands, 44½; do. preferred, 51; Fort Wayne, 91; Terre Haute, 12; do preferred, 30; Chicago & Alton, 105; do. preferred, 108; Ohio & Mississippi, 31¾; Cleveland, Columbus & Cincinnati, 73½; Hot Springs & Quincy, 164; Lake Shore, 78¾; Panama, 135; Illinois Central, 104; Union Pacific, 67¾; Central Pacific, 97¾; Union, 36; Hartford & Erie, 13¾; Delaware Lackawanna, 110¾.

CEMENT AND LIME—Rosendale cement, $4.00@4.50 ₩ barrel Louisville, $3@3.50; Youghiogheny, $3@3.50; Beeson, $2@2.75. Portland, $8@9 a 50. New York, $3.50@3.75. Frenchs, $4@4.50 Mills & Co. $3.50@3.75. Michigan, $3.50@3.75. Coal—Pittsburgh Gas, 2½@2¾c; Cannel, 3@3½c; Blacksmiths, $2@2.25. Cleveland, $2 to $2.25. Cumberland, $3.50@3.75. Lime, $1.50@1.60 ₩ brl.

COTTON, SHEETING and YARNS.—Penn Mill 4-4, No. 1, 14½; Pittsburgh Family, 10c; Juniata, 8 fine, 9½c; White Carpet Chain fine, 36c Colored, 38c. Cotton Batting, 16 Cotton Twine, 34c.

CRACKERS—Water, 7. N. Y. Water, 7. Oysters, 6@6½. Soda, 7. Soda Extra, 9½. Butter, 7½. Boston Biscuit, 9½. Sugar Wafers, 12½. Ginger Snaps, 11. Hard Times, 10. Graham, 7.

CANNED GOODS—There is perhaps a little more doing, but the season is barely maintained, short of what it usually is at this particular time, notwithstanding prices are much lower than they were early in the season. We quote the range in a jobbing way at $3.40@3.50 for 3 ₩ Peaches; $2.40@2.50 for Tomatoes, and $2.80@2.90 for Corn.

CHEESE—There is a very fair jobbing trade, and as stocks are light and the receipts limited, prices are still maintained. We quote at 12½@13c for Ohio in a jobbing way at 12½@13c for prime Ohio Factory, and 13@13½ for New York. Ohio Sap Sago at 18@18½ and Limburger at 20c.

COKE—The market continues in an unsatisfactory and stagnant condition, in sympathy with pig iron, and there is but little project at this writing of an early improvement. We continue to quote:

Extra blast furnace	2.00@2.25
Prime do	1.75@2.00
Good do	1.50@1.75
Good buttoner coke	2.00@2.25
Fair to medium	1.50@1.75
Stockers, $2 @2.00 ₩	1.00@1.50
Stockers, $2 @2.50 ₩	1.50@2.00
Stockers, $2 @3.50 ₩	2.00@2.50
Bulls, as to quality	1.00@2.50

FRESH COWS.

There was an unusually large number on sale to-day, (estimated at from 90 to 95 head, but the great bulk of the offerings were rather common in point of quality. Good milkers continue to meet with ready sale, and that, too, at very full rates, but there is not much inquiry for common or even medium. Quotations may be given as follows: common to medium, $30@35; fair to good, $35@40; extra, $40@45; fancy, $50@60. The market continues quiet and dull at prices ranging from $40 to 75 each.

VEAL CALVES.

There is a steady demand, with regular sales at 5@6c for good to prime, and 4c for rough. The offerings, as is always the case at this particular time, are increasing, but prices are holding their own.

HOGS.

Were in light supply, and with an average demand the market was firm and prices were fully maintained. Sales were made in a retail way at 6 to 6¾ gross, as to quality.

SHEEP AND LAMBS.

The supply was again small, footing up about 400 head, and with an average demand the market was strong and very full prices for every thing on sale was realized. Included in the sales were 75 head of fancy, averaging 120 lbs, which were sold by John ₩ Neely for 6¾c. Head & Trimble wholesaled 47 Ohios, averaging 110 lbs, at 6c; James Haverty sold 50 head of clippers at from 5¾ per head to 6 cts per lb There were a couple of small bunches of lambs on sale, the best of the season, which sold at 8½ as to ₩ head. The stock on sale was reported as follows:

J W Stewart	23	Adam Eckert	37
John Beeler	60	P Shiltenstatte	25
J W Unger	25	Hess	60
R McClintin	75	Norris & McM	50
Head & Trimble	47		
Total			402

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, March 30, 1874.

The Crude market continues considerably excited, and prices have been still further advanced; quoted at Parker at $4.50@4.60 per brl. refiners here are virtually out of the market. There is still some barge oil on sale, but it, too, is held above the views of buyers, 43c per gallon. Refined is also considerably firmer in sympathy with the raw article, and prices have further advanced; spot, 16½; April, 15¾; May, 14¾; June, 15, with reported sales of the latter named month at quotation. It seems that the bull ring in the producing region are resolved to put up crude regardless of refined, but the latter will be to drive consumers generally out of the market.

There is no change to note in barrels: counties, $1.30; city make, $1.65.

CRUDE OIL RECEIVED BY ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

Shipper	Consignee.	Bbls.
Duncan	Vesta O. W	778
H & B	Fairview O. W.	420
Stevenson	Central O. W.	444
Total		2,791

REFINED OIL SHIPPED EAST ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R. & WEST PENNA. R. R.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
Lockhart and F	Warden F and Co	613

(Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

SMITH'S FERRY,
Beaver Co., Pa., March 30, 1874.

Crude oil at C. & P. R. R. Station ₩ brl. $4.36c; at wells, 4½c.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, March 30, 1874.

FLOUR—Steady at $6.20@6.40 for low to choice.

GRAIN—Wheat steady and in moderate demand; No 1 spring $1.25; No 2 $1.19½ regular; $1.21¼@1.21½ strictly f ash sout; 119¾ seller April; $1.24¾ seller May; No 2 $1.13¾@1.17; re ected $1.07. Corn steady; No 2 mixed strictly fresh at 62¾@63; cash seller April 63¾@63¾; seller May 64¾@65; rejected 60@60. Oats dull and lower; No 2 strictly fresh 44¾c cash; 40¾ seller May. Rye steady and in moderate demand; No 1 90@92c. Barley active; No 1 $1.02@1.51; No 3 fresh $1.36.

PROVISIONS—Pork steady and in moderate demand, $15.00 cash $15.00 April; $15 27½ May. Lard steady and in moderate demand; $9.5 pot. Bulk meats in fair demand and unsettled; only sales of short middles seller April at 6½c.

WHISKY—Steady and in moderate demand at 93c.

New York.

NEW YORK, March 30.—Cotton quiet at 17¾c. Flour steady; superfines were firm and sales of 3,85@4.00; common to good ₩ 2ago 50; white wheat extra at 6.70@7.00. Wheat higher and fairly active; No 1 spring $1.50; ungraded do wanted Minnesota spring $1.45@1.47; No 2 do quiet at 87@87½; No 1 Chicago $1.47@1.48; seller May $1.48@1.49; No 2 do $1.44@1.45; seller May $1.46@1.47; No 3 do $1.41@1.42; ungraded white Milwaukee $1.50@1.60; amber do $1.60@1.65; No 2 red winter $1.45@1.46; No 1 do

HOME NEWS.

A House Wanted.

Any person having for rent a 2-story brick house, of from four to six rooms, in a respectable locality, within ten minutes walk of corner of Wood St. and Fifth avenue, can hear of a good tenant by applying at LIEBLE'S TRUNK STORE, 118 Wood St. or St. Charles Hotel. Room 121.

European Steamship Arrivals Yesterday.

A dispatch received at Max Schamberg's European Steamship, Exchange and Telegraph Office at No. 163 Smithfield Street, announces the arrival of the steamer Pereire at New York; steamer Pennsylvania at New York; steamer Ethiopia at New York; steamer Calabria at Queenstown.

Sunday Law Violations.

Lieut. Hoyt charges Pat Keefe of Webster avenue with selling liquor on Sunday. Michael Barnett is charged with the same offence by officer Gaynor. "Mike" keeps on Penn avenue. Pat Costello of 768 Penn avenue keeps side and rear door open, so officer Gross says. Acting Mayor McMasters has issued warrants in all the cases.

Slight Fire.

Last evening about half-past eight o'clock an alarm of fire was sounded from Box 8, in Allegheny. It was occasioned by the discovery of fire in a closet in the house of Mr. John Snyder at the corner of Washington and Irwin avenues. It was caused by a defect in the flue adjoining the closet. A quantity of clothing was burned, and some damage was done by water. The loss is about $50.

Letters Held for Postage March 30th, 1874.

Col. James S. Book, Hot Springs, Ark., 3c; Mrs. Jane M. Bureshield, Fenora, Iowa, 3c; Mrs. M. Ella Ross, Oxford, Pa., 3c; Mr. Faber, Roup's Station, Pa., 3c; Geo. Hall, Irwin Station, Pa., 3c; Chas. L. Heverin, Philadelphia, Pa., 3c; Dr. D. D. Kennedy, Oxford, Pa., 3c; Geo. Meinhards, New York, 3c; James Payan, Newport, Ky., 3c; Mrs. Annie K. Sherrett Academie, Pa., 3c.

E. C. NEGLEY, P. M.

A Word of Caution.

A mysterious individual has been in the habit of stealing the GAZETTE from the file at the Monongahela House. When this game was interrupted by a change of the lock on the file holder, he followed out his malicious inclinations by tearing the paper and turning holes in it with a cigar. The amusement has gone on long enough now, and the chap who indulges in it might not like his name to be published, as it certainly will be if he continues the malicious practice.

Terrible Accident.

A shocking accident occurred on Saturday night at Buena Vista, resulting in the death of a boy and the injury of other persons. The wife of Mr. A. W. Robinson had been engaged boiling maple sap at a gas stove. Becoming tired, she laid down to sleep a few minutes, a six-weeks-old baby being with her, and a seven-year old boy in another room. During her sleep the baby escaped from the bed and crawling and being awakened by the rescue of the flames, she left the children and went to the door to call her husband, who was in the engine house. Receiving no answer, she went to him and told him the news. He ran to the house, found the interior in flames, and with difficulty saved the baby. He was badly scorched on the face and hands himself. He made several desperate attempts to save the boy, without success, and was forced to stand and listen to his death screams. The house and contents were entirely destroyed. Medical aid was quickly furnished, and all was done to relieve the sufferers before. The boy's body was found burned to a crisp, the head and lower limbs parted from the body.

Runaways in Allegheny.

About noon yesterday a horse attached to a wagon belonging to Joseph Brown, who keeps a grocery store corner Beaver avenue and Franklin street, ran off on Beaver avenue. Mr. Brown caught hold of the lines and attempted to stop the horse, but he was thrown from his feet, and dragged some distance and was very badly bruised about the head and body. The horse was stopped before any damage was done.

Yesterday afternoon a horse attached to a buggy, belonging to Mr. Miller, ran of on Ackley street. The buggy collided with a post, and was upset. Two ladies who were in the buggy were thrown out and badly bruised. They were assisted into a house near by, where there injuries were attended to. The horse continued on some distance and damaged the buggy considerably.

About four o'clock yesterday afternoon, the Columbia Hook and Ladder Truck was driven up to a blacksmith shop on Third street, and the horses unhitched and taken into the shop to be shod. While the truck was standing there a pair of horses attached to a wagon belonging to a man named Deppert, ran off down Third street and struck the truck, they were passing the truck, the wagon caught the largest ladder on the truck, and broke about 12 feet off it, entirely ruining ladder. The runaways were stopped before any further damage was done.

Scientific Lectures.

We rejoice to see it announced that the brothers Professors John W. and S. P. Langley, of the Western University, the latter also Director of the Allegheny Observatory, are to give lectures at Library Hall. The former, Prof. John W. Langley, will lecture on Thursday evening next, on *Chemical Force*, illustrating the same by means of Drummond and electric lights. Prof. S P. Langley will lecture on Tuesday, April 21st, on *The Sun*. We hope these lectures will be largely attended by our citizens. We feel sure they will prove a great treat in each case to the lovers of science. The Professors should not be overlooked because they belong to a home institution. We desire a large audience in order that our people may know that we indeed are very fortunate in having at home, and connected with a home institution. We want it to be known what a prize we have in these two masters of their profession. These lectures, we feel sure, will convince all who shall attend one of them that we need not go abroad for scientific culture. We hope other Professors belonging to the able faculty of the University will continue the course, each in his particular department, and that all will thus become better known and more appreciated. Very few amongst us, we fear, realize the educational work which the fourteen or fifteen University Professors are now doing in this city. They deserve to be better known and better supported. Prof. S. P. Langley is much known and valued for his able contributions to the best scientific periodicals of Europe and America, especially on astronomical and cognate subjects.

LOSING A BABY.

How it was Recovered.

Last evening, between five and six o'clock, a woman, apparently in a great hurry, left her child some eight months' old, in the wholesale grocery house of Mr. Wm. B. Cooper, No. 213 Liberty street, as she stated, for only a few moments. Closing time, six o'clock, came, but no woman for the baby. The porter had trotted it around, the proprietor had kissed it, and the clerks had fondled it, but still no mother came. Anxiety was depicted on all countenances, lest the little stranger might prove another waif. At last it was taken to the lock-up, and there Captains Reed and Irwin took turns making pap and feeding it. The officers avoided it and said it was a pity, &c. About ten o'clock last evening, a servant girl, in great trepidation, called at the Central Station and stated that her mistress had got into some trouble during the day. In regard to selling liquor on Sunday, and in her excitement, had forgotten where she left the baby. The infant was trotted out by "Jim" McAfee, and the girl at once recognized it as the one lost, and took it home, feeling in a happy mood.

KILLED BY A COLLISION.

Fatal Accident at Homewood Station.

On yesterday morning, a fatal accident occurred near Homewood station on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, which resulted in the death of a young man named Geo. Helms, a freight conductor in the employ of that road. The locomotive of a freight train had been cut loose for the purpose of getting water at the tank, and by some means, owing to down grade, the train commenced to back down upon the engine, and unfortunately, the caboose, in which Mr. Helms was asleep, came crash against it, crushing the car and instantly killing the conductor, who was cut in two by the accident. Deceased was a son of Mr. L. W. Helms, late master of transportation of the Pittsburgh and Erie Railroad, and was regarded as industrious and sober. He leaves a wide circle of relatives and friends, who will sincerely regret his sudden taking off and whose sympathy will be extended to his parents in their sudden bereavement. Deceased was a resident of New Castle.

COMMITTEE MEETINGS.

Disposing of Business Connected with Various City Departments in Allegheny.

MARKET COMMITTEE.

The Committee on Markets of Allegheny Councils met last evening in the Select Council chamber,

A sub-committee was appointed to have plans prepared for water closets to be placed under the office of the Clerk of Markets.

On motion, permission was granted to those farmers, hucksters, and others who have stalls in the inner square of the market house to place awnings over their stalls.

Samuel Fletcher, who was recently elected Market Constable, presented his resignation, which was accepted. It was decided to elect his successor at once, and Andrew Kaunuir, Wm. Nixon, Wm. Smith and Valentine Stork were nominated. Mr. Kaunuir was elected on the second ballot.

Adjourned.

COMMITTEE ON WOODEN BUILDINGS.

The Committee on Wooden Buildings also met last evening. They decided to report adversely to the passage of the ordinance for the repeal of the ordinance prohibiting the erection of wooden buildings within the city limits.

Petitions from the following persons for permission to erect frame buildings were taken up: Messrs. A. Cooperthwaite, Mr. Martin Degg, R. Davis, L. Sproul, J. Mott, C. C. Hussey, J. P. & R. H. Knox, T. Cesterling, Forrester & Allston, and Jacob Eckert.

It was decided to recommend that the petitions be granted.

WHARF COMMITTEE.

The Wharf Committee met last evening, and awarded the contract for filling in 1,400 yards of the wharf at the foot of Wilkins street, to John Shetzel, at 30 cents per yard for 1,000 yards earth, and 55 cents per yard for 400 yards clinkers.

THE SUB-COMMITTEE

of the Committee on City Property, appointed to examine the roof of the Market House, to ascertain whether a new roof is needed, or whether the old one can be repaired, met yesterday afternoon and examined the roof. It was decided to recommend that a new roof be put on, as the present one is not worth repairing.

PITTSBURGH COUNCILS.

Regular Meeting Yesterday.

A Legal Inquiry Concerning Commissioners—Something About the New Water Works — The Pest House Site — Discussing Liberty Avenue—Carson Street Grade — The Clerical Force in the Mayor's Office—Complimentary to a Retiring Member—South Side Consolidation—Routine Business.

Pittsburgh Councils held a regular meeti n yesterday, Monday afternoon, March 30, 1874.

SELECT COUNCIL.

A. H. GROSS.....President.
E. S. MOREOW.....Clerk.

President Gross called this branch to order at twenty minutes past two o'clock.

Present: Messrs. Ahlborn, Aiken, Anderson, Atterbury, Braun, Brown, Burgwin, Chalmers, Chaplett, Clark, Darlington, Dannells, Dorrington, Doyle, Eitemiller, Eder, Fetterman, Foster, Fox, Froelich, Galvin, Goldthorpe, Haines, Hays, Howard, House, Hunter, Jeremy, Keebler, Kestner, Jones, Lally, Laufman, Liddell, Lloyd, Littell, Macfarlane, Minnick, Murray, McCandless, McCarthy, McCune, Negley, O'Neil, Rafferty, Rayburn, Scully, Smith, Watson, Zern, and President Gross.

The minutes of the preceding meeting were read and approved.

THE PENN AVENUE ACT.

Mr. McCUNE offered the following, which was referred to the City Solicitor:

Resolved, That the City Attorney be requested to report to Councils, at his earliest convenience, whether the second section of the fifteenth article to the Constitution of the Commonwealth applies to commissioners elected under the Penn Avenue Act, and if so, whether there is at present any legal power vested in said commissioners to make contracts or incur liabilities that will bind the city or the owners of property liable for assessments for improvement under the provisions of said Penn avenue act.

Mr. ELDER, petition for sewer on a private alley, First ward. Referred.

Mr. McCANDLESS, petition for sewer on Dinwiddie street. Referred.

Also petition for grading and paving of same street. Referred.

Also remonstrance against grading of Devilliers street. Referred.

Mr. AHLBORN, petition for permission to erect wooden building. Referred.

Mr. CHESLETT, petition for the grading and paving of Chaslett alley. Referred.

Mr. AIKEN, petition for water pipe on Hiland avenue—new extension. Referred.

THE MAYOR'S OFFICE.

Mr. JONES, resolution requesting our members in the Legislature to amend the act before that body in reference to the fees to be paid to the Mayor of cities of the second class to be paid into the City Treasury, and the office to be made a salaried one. Carried.

Mr. KERNAN, resolution authorizing the issue of a warrant in favor of Kim & Son, for $560, for repairing roof of Market House. Amended so as to make the bill payable out of the regular appropriation for Markets, instead of Contingent Fund. Passed. S. C. made payable out of Contingent Fund. S. C. receded and concurred.

Mr. HAYS, petition relative to culvert on Ella street. Referred.

Also, resolution directing City Engineer to report if any persons have been, or are now, putting cinders or refuse into the Monongahela or Ohio river, Thirty-sixth ward, below low water lines. Read and passed.

Also, resolution instructing City Engineer to ascertain lines of Carson street, Thirty-fourth ward. Referred to Street Committee.

Also, an ordinance authorizing the erection of a bridge over the Monongahela, at the Point. Referred to Bridge Committee.

Mr. ANDERSON, resolution in reference to Greensburg Turnpike, in Thirty-seventh ward. Referred to Road Committee.

Mr. LITTELL, petition for permission to erect frame building in Tenth ward. Referred.

Mr. GALVIN, petition for board walk on Birmingham avenue, Twenty-seventh ward. Referred.

Also, petition and ordinance for board walk in alley in Twenty-seventh ward. Referred.

Also, ordinance for board walk on Yard's alley. Referred.

Also, petition for grading of McCord street. Referred.

Also, ordinance changing names of Centre and Spring streets to Summer avenue. Passed finally.

Mr. GOLDTHROPE, petitions for opening of Hall street, Short street, Dilworth street, Horton avenue, Gray street. Referred.

Mr. McCUNE, from the Finance Committee, reported back with negative recommendation the resolution for the transfer of $18,000 to the Police appropriation. Reconsidered and adopted.

THE PEST HOUSE SITE.

Also a report setting forth that the Finance Committee had referred the matter of the contract for the purchase of the Pest House site to the City Attorney, who held that it was legal. The committee, therefore, recommended the issue of certificates of indebtedness to the amount os $40,000 to pay for the property.

The report was adopted. A resolution naming a committee consisting of Messrs. Littell, McCandless, Aiken and W. B. Negley to receive proposals for the purchase of the property for the city.

Mr. MCCARTHY wanted to know to whom the title for the property passed. It was bought by the Board of Health, and the title, he thought, ought to pass to them.

Mr. McCUNE thought the title had passed to the city.

Mr. CHALMERS said he had been informed by the City Attorney that the Board of Health were the legal owners of the property, and the city authorities could not sell it.

Mr. LITTELL moved to postpone the matter for the present. Carried. Subsequently the motion was called up again and a new motion made to postpone until the next meeting which was carried.

Mr. CHALMERS offered the pay roll of the Water Committee for the month of February which was filed.

Also, quarterly report in relation to the New Water Works, which was received and filed.

Mr. McCUNE, report of City Property Committee. Received and filed.

Mr. KERNAN, annual report of Superintendent of Markets. Received and filed.

WOODEN BUILDINGS.

Mr. ZERN, of the Committee on Wooden Buildings, reported the following ordinances:

Ordinance granting permission to build frame houses to Jane Jones, J. H. Nobbs, Adam Wagner, Hubbard Lippincott, Bakewell & Co., Augus Funk, Mark Campbell, George Lang, Monongahela Water Committee, J. L. & W. H. Heastings, J. B. Davis. All passed finally.

The ordinance granting Pittsburgh, Oakland and East Liberty Passenger Railway the right to lay tracks on Dinwiddie, Hiland, & Penn avenues. Common Council passed. Select Council concurred.

Ordinance granting Grandview avenue. Common Council passed. Select Council referred to Street Committee.

Also, an ordinance authorizing the erection of a bridge over the Monongahela, at the Point. Referred to Bridge Committee.

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